NICOSIA (R) -- Iraqi refugees have stopped leaving the west Iranian province of Bakhtaran because of the approach of winter, the official news agency IRNA said Saturday. The 12,000 refugees in the province reckon that living conditions in the Bakhtaran camps are better than they would be at home in winter, it said. The United Nations says there are about 60,000 Iraqi refugees at 30 camps in the whole of Iran. Some 1.4 million fled Iraq when Kurdish and Shifte rebellions against the Baghdad government collapsed in April. Most have since gone home. IRNA said 490,000 refugees had gone home from Bakhtaran and this had led to improved conditions for those who remain.

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AMMAN SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1991, JUMADEH AL OULA 4, 1412

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

PLO, Syria reconciled;

Fateh to reopen offices

he said.

understanding on every issue at

Palestinian-Syrian agreement is

that when a tangible achievement

is made in the bilateral talks we

not go, because the main issue is the Palestinian cause and there

should be progress on this issue

The PLO was not represented

at the conference but it had a

backseat role in advising Palesti-

nians from the occupied territor-

ies who took part alongside

hours after Mr. Arafat and Syrian

President Hafez Al Assad held

talks in the Syrian port of Lata-

Syria said Saturday that the

Mr. Kaddoumi's visit came 40

"Before achieving that we can-

go to the multilaterals...

before anything else."

the conference and outside...,"

Moscow voices concern about Golan settlement

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet Union has expressed concern about new Israeli settlements on the Golan Heights and said they contradicted Israel's expressed desire for confidence-building steps with its Arab neighbours. TASS news agency, quoting a Foreign Minis-try spokesman, said Moscow believed that that steps which made resolving the Middle East conflict more difficult should not be allowed. "The continuation of settlement activity on the occupied Arab territories, which naturally include the Golan Heights, contradicts the Israeli leadership's frequently expressed interest in confidence-building measures from both sides," it

said. Israel Monday inaugurated a Jewish settlement on the Golan Heights. The Foreign Ministry remarks, couched in mild terms, said Moscow hoped Israel would take note of its concern and take steps to defuse the problem.

Kuwait plans defence pact with Britain

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait's defence minister was quoted Satur--day as saying the emirate would sign a defence pact with Britain before the end of November. The minister, Sheikh Ali Sabah Al Salem, told Sawt Al Kuwait newspaper that his country would also buy "advanced weapons" from Britain "in the near future." The pact, he said, would give Kuwait priority in purchasing weapons and training for the Knwait army. It would also provide "logistic services to the British forces in Kuwait should the need arise." Sheikh Ali said a similar agreement would be reached with France.

iranian. Qatari leaders meet

NICOSIA (AP) - Iran's Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati met in Tehran Saturday with Qatar's Crown Prince Sheikh Khalifa Ber Hamad Al Thani, Tehran Radio reported. The broadcast said the two discussed bilateral issue and "agreements reached between the two countries. Broader coopcration in international issues. and between the Islamic Republic of Iran and the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) were among the issues discussed at the meeting."

tranian paper says no ties with Egypt

NICOSIA (AP) — A hardline Iranian newspaper Saturday de-nounced a leading parliamentarian's calls for resumption of ties with Egypt, saying it would be a blow to Tehran's revolutionary prestige, the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported. The agency quoted the daily Jomhuri Islami as saying that the present interest sections each country maintains in the other's capital are sufficient. "Promotion of ties with Cairo would not be interpreted in the Arab World or by Muslim public opinion as a mere expansion of relations," the Farsi-language paper said.

indian foreign minister in Tehran

NICOSIA (AP) - Indian Foreign Minister Madhavsinh Solanki. arrived in Tehran Saturday, Tehran Radio reported. The broadcast said Mr. Solanki was welcomed by his Iranian counterpert, Ali Akbar Velayati. Mr. iki said that he will study political, economic and cultural nes with Iranian officials. Mr. Velayati said that Mr. Solanki's visit was of "special significance." Over the past year, Iranian leaders have issued occasional outbursts at the Indian government's throttling of a secestionist movement in Kashmir in northern India. But ties between the two countries remain good.

French actor, singer Yves Montand dies

PARIS (R) - French actor and singer Yves Montand, who de-lighted audiences around the world with hundreds of songs and some 40 films, died Saturday in a Paris suburb at the age of 70, French radio said. Mr. Montand s best known to audiences for the ns "Let's Make Love" and

Masri says Washington best venue for multilaterals

ter Taher Masri said Saturday that Washington could be the best venue for holding Arab-Israeli talks on regional issues and that such talks could start

The multilateral talks, which will focus on issues such as water, disarmament and the environment, are to involve the United States, the Soviet Union and the European Community (EC) countries as well as the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and the Arab Maghreh Union in addition to the five Arab countries directly involved in the Middle East conflict. Canada, Japan and probably Britain and France will also attend, the prime minister

The conference could be considered semi-international as earlier demanded by the Arah parties, Mr. Masri said.

"We hope such conference will serve as a tool in the hands of the

in an interview with Agence

France Presse (AFP).

In reply to a question about Jordan's position, if Syria or the Palestinians decide to withdraw from the bilateral talks which began at last week's peace conference in Madrid, Mr. Masri said that he saw no signs that Syria would withdraw.

The arrangements made by U.S. Secretary of State James Baker for the involvement of Arah parties in the conference are those that had been carried out in Madrid although there were differences over a number of details, Mr. Masri noted.
"In my view," he said, "there

are no differences on basic issues between Israel and Syria on the one hand and hetween the Jordanian-Palestinian delegation and Israel," on the other.

He said there were no signs that Syria would hoycott the talks. "Until now we have not Arab parties to counter the bi- delved into matters of substance

ences or end in deadlock that might justify withdrawal or retreat." he said.

Mr. Masri denied that there were differences between the Jordanian-Palestinian delegation and Syria, "though, there were different views on the place of bilateral talks and these were soon smoothed over."

On prospects of resuming the dialogue between the U.S. and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), he said that he did not believe this would happen soon since the United States has shown no interest in such dialogue and this is not possible now since Israel is always trying to find an excuse to boycott the conference. But the prime minister said Jordan would like to see the dialogue resumed as soon as .sldizzoq

The prime minister said that Jordan's priority was to see Israel recognising the Palestinians and returning the land to its owners



Taher Masri

and any talk about Palestinian-Jordanian confederation can

In principle Jordan is in agreement to the confederation idea but such step can only be tackled as the negotiations progress and in full understanding with the Palestinian side, Mr. Masri said. Discussion of this topic is premature now and we want to concentrate on the original issue at a time when Israel still refuses to

(Continued on page 5)

Palestinian team leaves for W. Bank, demands diplomatic treatment

By Nur Sati

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Palestinian negotiators and advisors who attended last week's Middle East peace conference in Madrid in a joint delegation with Jordan will leave for the West Bank Sunday after holding three days of talks in the Kingdom.

The team arrived in Amman Wednesday from Madrid along with the Jordanian negotiators and advisors. During its stay in Jordan, the Palestinian delegation held talks with His Majesty King Hussein and a number of Jordanian officials.

In a press conference Saturday, Dr. Hanan Ashrawi, member of the Palestinian "gudiance committee," told reporters: "We have asked for assurance from the co-sponsors of the peace conference that the Palestinian delegates be treated as a whole team East. with diplomatic status" upon entering the occupied territories and that there would be no

attempt to harass the delegation. "We will not accept any interference and we will not make any contacts with the Israeli authorities." Dr. Ashrawi said.

There would be representatives

she said. "I hope this will bring Israel to deal with us equity, and if Israel violates our freedoms, we will protest."

The Palestinian delegation is also hoping to be met hy "our own people," she said.

Dr. Ashrawi said that the delegation had done its best in Madrid to do well with what was entrusted to them, especially "the rights of Palestinians and the Palestinian identity."

"The delegation spoke with strength, belief and trust of peoshe said.

The time and venue for the next round of bilateral talks will be announced by U.S. Secretary of State James Baker on Nov. 17, Dr. Ashrawi said. So far there is a deadlock on

the venue of the talks. Palesti-

nians insist the talks should be in Madrid. Israel insists the bilaterals should be held in the Middle "Washington (as a venue) has not been decided yet," Dr. Ashrawi said. "We do not consider Washington a neutral place

tive of the Israelis." She noted that the U.S. had of the co-sponsors at the bridge, not resumed its suspended dia-

because of the strong Israeli lob-

by there and because the United

States Congress is always suppor-

logue with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), although the Soviet Union has renewed its official relations with Israel. "If the U.S. wants the conference to he held in Washington, then they should partially renew relations with the PLO or at least acknowledge the PLO," Dr. Ashrawi said.

The U.S. dialogue with the PLO was officially opened in January 1990 after the PLO's recognition of Israel's right to exist and renunciation of terrorism. But it was suspended 18 months later when PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat refused to denounce a raid on Tel Aviv by the Palestine Liberation Front.

· Speaking of the letters of assurances from the United States to the Palestinians, Dr. Ashrawi said: "There is a clear American intention which aims at ending occupation, especially that of Jerusalem.

On the question of a Jordanian-Palestinian confederation she said: "The Palestinian understanding of a confederation is one among independent countries that would enter a confederacy with its own will." The Palestine National Council (PNC) has endorsed such a confederation between Jordan and



Hanan Ashrawi

Palestine, she noted. But Dr. Ashrawi pointed out that the delegation was not going according to all the items of the letter of assurances "because it is not our agenda. The letter of assurance does not bind us to do anything against our will." She said; "It expresses the formal political American stand and it binds the U.S. with it and not the Palestinian side."

"We went to the peace conference saying that international legality binds us to resolutions 242 and 338. We are seeking to influence the formal American stand," Dr. Ashrawi said. "When we accepted invitations to the conference, we made it clear that

(Continued on page 5)

Arafat, Mubarak discuss next moves

Farouk Al Sharaa, Mr. Kad- Jordanian delegates.

tion Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat met Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak Saturday as part of intensive preparations for a second round of peace talks between the Arabs and

DAMASCUS (Agencies) -

Palestine Liberation Organisa-

tion (PLO) foreign affairs chief

Farouk Kaddoumi said Saturday

the PLO was resuming full nor-

years of animosity.

Mr. Kaddoumi, head of the

PLO's political department, told

reporters the two sides were now

working to strengthen their rela-

Mr. Kaddoumi told reporters

while leaving his hotel for talks

with Vice-President Abdul Halim

"We said from the start that

the aim of these visits was to

restore ties to normal. This had

Mr. Kaddoumi also said the

PLO and Syria had agreed the

third stage of the Middle East

peace process should not start

until bilateral talks bring tangible

Speaking to reporters after talks with Foreign Minister

doumi said they discussed their

common stand at the peace talks. "We discussed the national

conception of the Arab-Israeli

Palestinian-Syrian future steps

conflict ... details of joint kia.

tions.

Khaddam:

been achieved.'

mal ties with Syria following

The PLO is officially excluded from the peace process launched at a ground-breaking conference in Madrid at the end of last month.

But it puided Palestinian no tiators from behind the scenes and in the six days since the conference, Mr. Arafat has toured Jordan, Syria and Yemen to plan strategy for the second round.

"The PLO want to show they're still in control, that's very important at this stage," a senior Arab diplomat said.

Mr. Arafat was in Amman at the same time as members of the Palestinian delegation returning from Madrid but it is not know whether he met them. The Israelis have threatened to walk out of the talks if the PLO is officially involved.

There was no immediate word on the substance on Mr. Arafat's talks with Mr. Mubarak. Relations between Egypt and the PLO. were badly strained by Mr. Arafat's support for Iraq in the Gulf war but the two sides have been working together closely since the duced a dramatic improvement in relations with Damascus, tense since the Syrians supported a rebellion against Mr. Arafat in

But Mr. Arafat still has to worry about Palestinian hardliners who are dubious about the

CAIRO (R) - Palestine Libera- entire peace process. The leader of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Pales-

tine, Nayef Hawatmeh, called Saturday for Palestinians to withdraw from the peace talks until Israel halted Jewish settlement in the occupied territories and Palestinians were allowed more representative delegates.

Palestinians have been pressing for an Arab summit before the second stage of talks but there is no sign of or

Egypt, which has offered to mediate between Arab delegations and Israel in the bilateral talks, is believed reluctant to attend such a summit for fear of jeopardising its neutrality.

Earlier Saturday, Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh and Mr. Arafat discussed means of unifying Arab ranks to help bolster the peace process, Yemeni media reported.

The PLO leader flew to Sanaa on Friday after talks in Syria and

The Yemeni media said that Mr. Arafat briefed Mr. Salch on the outcome of the opening phase

of the Madrid peace conference. The meeting dealt with the matters that concern the Arab Nation and means of unifying Arab ranks and bolstering them for the peace conference negotiations to ensure a just, comprehensive and lasting peace in the region and the restoration of Arab rights," according to the

The Yemeni president stressed his country welcomed all such efforts and hoped that the Madrid outcome will ensure Arab rights led by the Palestinian people's right to an independent state on Palestinian soil, with Jerusalem as its capital, the agency added.

Arab negotiators achieved "big positive gains" in Madrid and repulsed several Israeli attempts to provoke them. Muwafak Al Allaf, who led the

In the bilateral talks, the main Arah delegations face Israel Syrian side to last Sunday's sepaseparately on the central ques-tions — peace and borders. The rate Syrian-Israeli talks, said sitting at the negotiating table third stage consists of multilateral proved to the world that Arabs talks on broader secondary issues were not unwilling to talk to their enemy for the sake of such as arms control and water achieving a just and carprehen-On the timing of the multilateral talks Mr. Kaddoumi said: "The

Speaking on Syrian television, Mr. Allaf said President Assad directed the delegation to put up "with anything which does not affect our rights and with any attempt to provoke us into walk-

ing out of the conference." Mr. Allaf described Foreign Minister Sharaa's waving of an old poster showing Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir as a "terrorist" wanted by Britain as a "magnificent move."

"That summed up the nature of the Israeli regime. That is what was left fixed in the minds of the world," he said.

Mr. Allaf, a former Syrian ambassador to the United Nations and currently a U.N. ex-

(Continued on page 5)

Turkey to allow Chechen hijackers, plane to return home

ANKARA (R) - Turkey will allow hijackers to fly a Soviet plane and its passengers to Groznv. capital of the breakaway south Russian region of Checheno-Ingushetian, Ankara Governor Erdogan Sahinoglu

said Saturday. He said the hijackers' action was more in the nature of a protest against the Russian Fedcration than an act of terrorism and indicated that the predominantly Chechen passengers did not object to the diversion of the

"Preparations are under way to meet the needs of the plane and the people on board after which it will head for the Chechen capital of Grozny," Mr. Sahinoglu told reporters at Ankara's Esenboga airnort.

At least 164 passengers were reported to he aboard the Tupolev-154 which was surrounded by police when it landed at Ankara airport Saturday after-

The hijackers were three Chechen dissidents protesting Russia's attempt to reimpose control on the breakaway Muslim region of Checheno-Ingushetia, a Turkish official at Ankara's Esenboga airport told the semi-official Anatolian news agency.

The hijacking took place as an armed standoff between Russian

(Continued on page 5)

stage of U.S.-Soviet sponsored President Hosni Mubarak and run-up to the Madrid conference. did he express an opinion on Mr. Arafat's visit to Syria on Syrian President Hafez Al Assad "We cannot stick (to the oripeace talks which began in Mad-Syrian position. Mr. Musa endorsed Syria's dealso are expected to meet soon to Thursday appeared to have pro-Yemen News Agency.

CAIRO (Agencies) — Egypt said talks between Israel and its Arab neighbours on regional issues such as water and arms control would be delayed but might start without Syria.

ginal timetable) because the Syrians have shown they are not willing to take part before progress is made in bilateral talks with Israel," Egyptian Foreign Minis-ter Amr Musa said in remarks published on Saturday. "Maybe (the regional talks) will

start without Syrian presence in agree with Syria that they should

Musa: Regional talks could start without Syria their first stage," Mr. Musa added in an interview with the magazine October.

Mr. Musa said it was important the bilateral talks - the second rid last month — go ahead soon despite apparent deadlock over where they should take place. "We are anxions that bilateral

talks should begin next week... some of them in America, some of them perhaps in European cities," Mr. Musa said. "But we

not be held in the Middle East at least in the present stage." Mr. Mnsa did not say whether Egypt will attend the multilaterals if the Syrians stay away. Nor

mand that bilateral talks, which began in Madrid, resume in Europe or the United States, the likely venue. Israel wants them to alternate between Israeli and

Arab sites. Syria and Egypt coordinated closely during the Madrid conference. Their foreign ministers are likely to meet privately Sunday and Monday at a conference on security in the Gulf after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

discuss the peace process, the weekly Akhbar Al Yom reported Saturday. Syria demands progress in the

bilateral talks, including a clear Israeli position on return of the occupied Golan Heights, before it will join in multilaterals.

Water — the rare commodity could make or break Mideast peace

By Ghadeer Taher Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — When Israel and the Arab states sit down for negotiations on much-needed multilateral water-sharing agreements in the third stage of Middle East peace talks, they will lack well tested legal principles governing the issue. But, according to experts, water may in the final analysis determine the future of conflict

or peace. Now, as for many years, water experts have warned that the threat of a water crisis in the Jordan River basin has been steadily increasing and could lead to outbreak of warfare between the riparians as well as domestic strife as competition rises among users within each country.

"Relative to the number of

people in Jordan, Israel and the occupied territories there is not enough water," said Dr. Elias Salameh, head of the Water Research Department at the University of Jordan. "It is a zero-sum game. Any gain for the Arabs is a loss for Israel, and vice versa," The Jordan River, which ori-

ginates in the highlands of Lebanon and Syria, is shared by Lebanon, Syria, Jordan and Israel, and all these states are experiencing water shortages. In his assessment of the prospects for peace in the region, University of Pennsylvania Professor Thomas Naff said that while it may be possible to eventually overcome Israel's

security arguments for reten-

tion of the occupied territories,

"the hydrological arguments

will persist unless the water

issue is settled. It is water, in

the final analysis, that will determine the future of the occupied territories — and by ex-tention, the issue of conflict or peace.

"The reality, historic and contemporary, is that the Jordan basin's actors do not resort to law to settle water disputes: these issues are determined by the relative power relationships in the basin at any given time," Prof. Naff, who had addressed a water conference in Amman last month. told the Jordan Times in an interview.

Israel, which, according to Prof. Naff, consumes 87 per cent of the territories' water on both sides of the green line, is using water as a reason for never withdrawing from the occupied territories. Israel's agriculture ministry

paid for full-page newspaper

in which it argued that ending the occupation would leave Israel powerless to prevent Palestinian "mismangement, lack of knowledge or plain negiect" of the shared mountain acquifer and "endanger its very existence." Israel's consumption of most

advertisement earlier this year

of the West Bank water makes it almost impossible to consider the return of hundreds of thousands of Palestinians to the West Bank in a political settlement unless Tel Aviv relinguishes its bold on the territories' vital resources. Israel now restricts Palesti-

nian water consumption in the territories to 20 per cent of the shared mountain aquifer in the West Bank. Thus, the Palestinian water supply has barely increased since Israel occupied the West Bank in 1967.

Even the briefest glimpse at the region's geography and demography shows why the issue is so fissile; populations are growing far more rapidly than aquifers can be replenished; rivers cross borders between enemy states making sharing unlikely; and rainfall, in may areas, is scarce and capricious.

But when the Arab and Israeli negotiations attempt to find equitable solutions to water issues, the basic problem will be applying international riparian law, which remains rudimentary, at the talks. Furthermore, a political

agreement is also needed to clear the way for financing several water projects that have been bogged down over political difference between the countries affected by these projects, Jordan's Al Wihda Dam near the Jordan-Syria

border, which the Kingdom hoped to provide about 200 million cubic metres per year (mcm/yr), was frozen after Israel intervened with the World Bank to bloc financing

two years ago.
"When you talk about the legal basis of the arguments that the negotiators are going to bring to the table, you are talking about a set of legal principles that are articulated but are not well tested in most cases," Prof. Naff said. "Israelis, Palestinians, Jordanians, Syrians and Lebanese will legitimately invoke a variety of legal principles to estab-lish their claims and that is

He said the existing law, although not an effective mechanism for settling the issue, can be an "effective instrument for maintaining an

where the problem lies."

agreement after a political agreement is reached."

"So when these parties at the peace conference begin to try to establish their legal positions, there are certain legal principles that everyone uses. The problem is that everyone uses the same principles but interprets them differently and uses them selectively in order to strengthen their case..., Prof. Naff said.

So at this stage, without peace between Israel and the Arab countries, power is determining the use of water resources. There may be no wars between the riparians simply because Israel has overwhelming power and the military option is not viable. But the situation may become so critical that one party, Jordan,

(Continued on page 5)

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Ashrawi: U.S. assured Palestinians of end of occupation

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The United States government has given assurances that there will be an cad to Israeli occupation of Arah territories at the final stages of the peace process between Israelis and Palestimans, members of a Palestinian delegation said Friday.

An end of the Israeli occupation will be the final outcome of the peace process, Hanan Ashrawi, the Palestinian spokeswoman at the Madrid peace conference told a congregation of mostly Palestinian Jerusalemites at the Shooman foundation Friday evening.

Dr. Ashrawi, Faisal Hus-seini, Ghassan Al Khatib and Zahira Kamal answered questions fielded by some of the 300 people who attended the gathering organised by the Jerusalem-based Beit Al Maqdis Foundation.

The U.S. has given us guarantees that there will be an end to Israeli occupation at the end of this peace process," Dr. Ashrawi told the audience.

The intermediary phases, which are scheduled to take up to five years, will involve a transitional stage of self-rule and a transfer of administration from Israelis to Palesti-

Mr. Khatih, a member of the 14 -strong -Palestinian delegation at last week's Madrid con-

Turks launch

probe against

ference, said that there were guarantees that the transitional chases which would involve a transfer of power would be intermediate and not permanent. He added that an implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 would guarantee a peace based on a land for peace resolution of the Arab-Israeli

The audience expressed fear that the sacrifices made by thousands of Palestinians would be forgotten and undermined by the recent change in Palestinian politics. Several of the questions posed to the panel indicated that people were frustrated by the "total change" in attitude by the Palestinian leadership which is now opting for a political rather than military solution to the Israeli occupation of Arab

"The rules of the game have changed in this era and so we must learn to play according to the new rules. At this point the political struggle has replaced the military one." Mr. Hus-seini explained to the audi-

The delegates told the audience that the time had come for Palestinians to fight for their rights in the political arena because they did not stand a winning chance in a military war against Israel.

'We cannot successfully fight Israel on the military

front, it is futile," be said.
"But international law fully supports our legitimate claims and aspirations and so we must fight for our rights with the means that will give us a reasonable chance of success, added Mr. Husseini, head of a steering committee which guided the Palestinian team in Madrid.

The 14-member Palestinian delegation and the sevenmember guidance committee, of which all four speakers are members, have all been looked upon by many in the international community as a new Palestinian leadership, but Dr. Ashrawi left no doubt about the role of the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

"Maybe you noticed," Dr. Ashrawi told the audience, the speeches of the Arab delegations ended with a verse from the Koran, the Israelis quoted the Torah and we en-ded our talk with the words of Yasser Arafat."

"The PLO is the sole and legitimate representatives of the Palestinian people," she said at one point while being questioned by a very critical

Mr. Khatib reiterated Dr. Ashrawi's assurances to the audience about the place of the PLO in Palestinian politics when he said," we are the delegation, we are not the leadership.

There has been increasing fear among Palestinians that . the frontline Arab states will go their own way to make a separate peace with Israel as Anwar Sadat of Egypt did in 1979 when he signed the Camp alone. David peace accords.

Above and beyond the signing of a separate peace accord, many Palestinians now believe that Sadat signed away land for land, when the Israelis retreated from the occupied Sinai in return for Sadat's silence over the Palestinian territories.

The Palestinian negotiating team however, said that they did have confidence in the frontline Arab states to negotiate with Israel in a coordinated stance with the Palestinians and other Arab countries.

"Most of the Arab delegates in Madrid did not even look at the Israelis not to mentiou contemplate a separate peace," Dr. Ashrawi told the

The delegates said it was to the advantage of the Palestimans to have all the frontline states at the peace conference because a united stand made the chances for success more

"We played a major role in getting all the Arab delegations to Madrid because we felt it was best to address the Arab-Israeli conflict in its entirety," Mr. Khatib pointed out. Despite differences between

Arab countries and the Palestinians, Mr. Khatih said, the importance of overcoming

those differences in the face of a greater danger must not be undermined by the Palestinians, "We cannot go it

The Arab people would not allow for any Arab leadership to "sell out" the Palestinians and not a pay a very heavy price. "The single most important Arah cause is still Palestine," Dr. Ashrawi said.

Possibly the most sensitive issue that the panel of four was asked was that of the Palestinians in exile, with particular emphasis on the fate of the 2.5 million refugees which originate from the part of mandate Palestine that is not being discussed at the peace talks.

The right of return, as guaranteed in countless U.N. General Assembly and Security Council resolutions is a non-negotiable right," Dr. Husseini told the audience.

The right of return was clearly mentioned as such in the Palestinian speech pre-sented on the second day of the Madrid conference by Dr. Haidar Abdul Shafi.

The delegates said they did not know yet at which stage of the negotiations this issue would be raised with the

Dr. Ashrawi assured the audience that the Palestinian delegation would neither shelve nor forfeit the rights of Palesti-nians or the land that is legally theirs as outlined in U.N. Resolution 181.

George Salem; a Palestinian-

Department can pressure Israel.

He said the group has more faith

in the U.S. government than in

national law."

Palestinian-Americans seek U.S. help to reclaim land because it would damage our own

assertive Ban, have asked the U.S. State Kurdish gan attorney. deputies

ANKARA (AP) - A legal investigation was launched against two deputies who asserted their Kurdish identity at the newly-elected Turkish parliament, the State Radio announced Friday.
Hatip Dicle and Leyla Zana,

Kurdish rights activists elected to the parliament from the list of the Social Democrats, caused stormy protests during the swearing-in ceremony Wednesday by deviating from the standard oath. Mr. Dicle said be and other

deputies elected from the Kurdisb-dominated southeastern constituencies were taking the oath of allegiance to "the indivisible unity of the nation" because the constitution forces them.

Ms. Zana further scandalised the lawmakers by adding to the text her parallel allegiance to the Kurdish people — which she shouted in her native tongue.

The radio quoted chief prosecutor Nusret Demiral of Ankara state seenrity conrt as announcing the probe which falls short of legal proceedings.

The two later gained parliamentary immunity by apologising and reading the proper text. The two were among 22 Kurdish deputies chosen in Oct. 20 elec-

The act triggered a furious press reaction and Social Democrat leader Erdal Inonn called for their resignation from the party.

.The state security court, one of several set up in major cities after tice 1989 army coup, tries terrorism-crimes and offences compromising state security.

The investigation will also cover the display by the two and several other Kurdish deputies of "the colour of an outlawed organisation," the report said. Mr. Dicle wore breast kerchief and Ms. Zana, a headband, in the red, green and yellow colours of the cutlawed Kurdish flag during the demonstration.

propriated without due process," DETROIT (AP) — Palestinian-Americans, saying Israel illegally seized their land on the West Mr. Bruley said. The 150 hectres 1.6 kilometres

Department to investigate, according to the Group's Michi-"We feel that this country here should protect the rights of its citizens," said Samir Mashni, legal adviser to the Detroit-based American Federation of Ramallah, Palestine. "Those rights are "United States policy is clearly being violated by a foreign counagainst the taking of American-

try that's an ally of ours."

Mr. Mashni said the group submitted an appeal to the State Department. An unidentified department source told the Detroit News in Thursday's editions that the government is "paying attention_to it."

U.S. Rep. David Bonior passed the group's concerns on to the State Department, said Ed Bruley, a spokesman for Mr.

fact that people's land was ex-

west of Ramallah on the Israelioccupied West Bank has been designated a "security zone" by the Israeli army, angering the owners of the 150 sections of which 120 are owned by Palestinian-Americans. The families live in metropolitan Detroit, San Francisco, Chicago, Jacksonville, and Knoxville, Mr. Mashni said.

owned property, and it's clearly against Jewish settlements in the occupied territories," he said. Israel General Dani Yotum issued the order, which prohibits people from visiting it unless they have "written permission from me or my designate." The land is fenced off and cannot be farmed,

Mr. Mashni said. The Palestinians are worried the land will be turned over to "We're concerned about the officials saying it was seized for friends," she said. "I don't want the four-year-old Palestinian up-

come a settlement. "The soil is rich and it's in proximity to Jerusalem," said Dr. Issa Khoury of Detroit, whose family owns four hectares.

But a spokeswoman for the Israeli military in Tel Aviv said the army would not take land for military reasons and give it to

"We wouldn't do such a thing the Israeli justice system.

Israelis plan to visit Arab lands if peace comes

TEL AVIV (AP) - For Rafi doesn't interest me. What in-Danon, who owns a bobby shop, peace will come on the day he can drive to Jordan across a frontier free of land mines and barbed

Ruthi Zadka, who has an eight year-old son, has no desire to set foot in Arab lands, but fervently hopes the state of war will end. "security" purposes and will be- to go to Syria for the weekend; it rising in the occupied territories.

terests me is the opposite of Mr. Danon and Ms. Zadka represent the range of feelings

among Israelis after the preliminary peace talks in Madrid. Many bave dreams ready to be

played out, others have difficulty imagining peace. Some pray for a

U.N. expert casts doubts on effectiveness of chemical arms

chemical warheads appear to be crude and untested devices which cost billions of dollars to develop and will cost millions to destroy, the head of a United Nations team making an inventory said Saturday.

Marius van Zelm, the Dutch head of a U.N. inspection mission seeking to scrap Iraq's most lethal weapons, told reporters that at the main Muthana site his mission found 6,120 chemical munitions and enough nerve gas to fill another 15,000.

But he cast doubt on the effectiveness of Iraq's billion-dollar technology, which had residents of Sandi Arabia and Israel rushing for gas masks almost nightly at the height of the Gulf war in January and February.

He said he doubted the fuses in Iraq's Scud missiles were sophisticated enough to explode a few metres above the ground to spread the nerve gas around the

The missile would be travell-

ing at one to two times the speed of sound, so the fuses must operate in a few microseconds," said Mr. Van Zelm, speaking as his 50-strong team ended a five-week mission under a Gulf ceasefire

"I'm not an expert on rockets and fuses but theirs were equipped with barometric ones and I think also an impact fuse but that's not very effective for dispersal of nerve agents."

He said the missiles might hit the ground before spreading nerve gas. "If it hits the ground, you lose most of your effective load in the crater," he said. They were never tested, thank

Had Iraq mastered the technology? "I don't think so," said Mr. Van Zelm, who was due to fly later on Saturday to Bahrain and then New York to report to a special commission set up to scrap Iraq's weapons of mass destruction.

found 75 tonnes of nerve gas and 280 tonnes of mustard gas at the Mntbana site 130 kilometres northwest of Baghdad.

"Thousands of drums were lying around ... it's a messy place. Like any other chemical industry there is always a problem of waste and that was not solved very nicely. They put stuff in any container and dumped it in deserted place."

He said the equipment and chemicals at Muthana had been bought "from all over the world, billions were spent on the factory," and that it would take "millions" to burn the mustard gas and nentralise and then incinerate the nerve agents.

"I am concerned about the weapons. You have to manipulate the shells, open them, drain them ... that's an enormous problem. That's when you expose yourself to risk," he said.

He said special plant would have to be built to incinerate the Mr. Van Zelm said his team mustard gas. Nerve agents would

have to be chemically neutralised and the resulting solution either buried or burned.

U.N. officials have said the disposal process will begin at Muthana next year and last one to two years.

"It's possible to export the stuff (for destruction outside Iraq), but who wants to have it?" Mr. Van Zelm said.

The United States pledged to destroy chemical weapons under an agreement with Moscow last year and is building plant to do so but is barred by Congress from accepting waste from outside the United States, "even from their own stocks ontside America." he

Mr. Van Zelm's team was one of several on search and destroy missions against Iraq's chemical, nuclear, ballistic and biological weapons. It made an inventory of Iraq's

chemical weapons and he said it tallied "with some minor deviations" with what Baghdad had admitted having.

Hamas wants dialogue to end feud

AMMAN (Agencies) - The Islamic resistance movement Harnas says it is alarmed by Palestinian infighting over peace talks with Israel and wants "quiet dialogue" to resolve differences.

Hamas, the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) fun-damentalist rival in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, opposed the Arab-Israeli peace conference which opened in Madrid last month but says that should not affect Palestinian uni-

"We view with grave concern the very dangerous incidents that have happened in the Palestinian arena during the past few days," it said in a statement received by the Jordanians Friday.

These included "acts of violence, confrontation and use of firearms and other acts ... as a means to impose views," the statement said.

It gave no details of the violence, but blamed Fatch, the mainstream (PLO) group.

"We affirm our commitment to the charter of bonour ... and call on our brothers in Fateh to abide by it," it said referring to a truce reached early in the four-year-old Palestinian nprising against

"Quiet dialogue and constructive debate is the only way to resolve our problems and differences," it said.

Palestinians reported several good name," said Captain Ornit Goren. "We are following interclashes when Arafat supporters tried unsuccessfully to prevent a general strike in the occupied territories ordered by Hamas and American lawyer in Washington, leftists at the start of the Madrid D.C., said he believes the State talks.

> decorated "the patrols of the murderers with olive hranches" that "Palestine will not be liberated without the bullets of the strugglers and the blood of the martyrs." The PLO said Friday it re-

Hamas told Palestinians who

jected an Israeli suggestion that Palestinians call off the uprising in the occupied territories before Arab-Israeli peace talks resume. Nabil Shaath, main political

adviser to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, said Israel had proposed a suspension of the uprising as a Palestinian goodwill gesture in return for Israel relaxing some of the repressive measures in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Mr. Shaath, who watched last

week's Middle East peace conference in Madrid on behalf of the PLO, also rejected suggestions to stop the intifada in return for a balt to Jewisb settlements in the occupied land, a longstanding Arab demand.

"The intifada can only stop when Israeli military occupation ends and Israeli soldiers withdraw from towns, villages and camps" in the occupied territories, he

said. "Now there are no reasons whatsoever for stopping the intifada," he added.

Egypt, the only Arah state at peace with Israel, expects the second phase of direct talks between Israel and its Arab neighbours to resume in Washington within two weeks, Foreign Minister Amr Musa said Friday. Spanish Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez said Friday direct peace

talks between Israel and the Arabs will resume very soon. Mr. Gonzalez, who hosted the first face-to-face negotiations between Israel and Syria, Lebanon and a Jordanian-Palestinian delegation last week, also said he believed multilateral talks on Middle East problems would start within three weeks.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Fez court sentences students to jail

RABAT (R) — A court in the central Moroccan city of Fez has sentenced 30 university students to between six months and four years in jail in connection with violent clashes on Oct. 25 and 31, the official news agency MAP said. A first group of 26 — 12 Muslim fundamentalists and 14 Marxists — were arrested on Oct. 25 and charged with assault and battery and taking part in an affray. Thirteen were sentenced Friday to four years, three to 3 years, six to two years, one to one year, and three to six months, MAP said. They were also fined. In a separate trial, also in Fez, four fundamentalist students were sentenced to between six months and four years in jail on similar charges.

U.S. seiling more Patriots to Saudis

WASHINGTON (R) — Bush administration officials have informed members of Congress that the United States intends to sell more 14 more Patriot missile batteries to Saudi Arabia Defence. Department sources say. The sale would amount to \$3.3 billion. said the sources, who spoke only on condition they not be identified. The sale of eight Patriot surface-to-air missile systems already has been approved by Congress. They are scheduled for delivery to the Saudis next year or in 1993. In September, the administration shipped two Patriot missile batteries to the kingdom when tensions rose over U.N. inspections of Iraqi weapons systems. Those batteries were not part of the sale. House of Representatives and Senate members were briefed privately Wednesday about the sale, the sources said. The Patriots are in demand because of their superior performance during the Gulf war, when they defended Saudi Arabia and Israel against Iraqi Scud missile attacks. Although the Patriot system is considered defensive, some members of Congress say they oppose sending any weapons systems to the Middle East during peace talks between Israel and its Arab neighbours. The Defence Department said Thursday it will not sell F-15 fighter jets to any Mideast nation for

Turkish parijament to hire Kurdish translator

ANKARA (R) — The Turkish parliament will hire a Kurdish translator after a Kurdish nationalist member used a Kurdish phrase while taking the oath Wednesday, the daily newspaper Sabah said Saturday. Leyla Zana, a Social Democratic Populis member from the southeastern city of Diyabakir, said in Kurdish. "Long live the Kurdish people and Kurdistan." It was the first time anyone had used the language in parliament, normally an exclusively Turkish-speaking institution. The staff who record parliamentary proceedings could not make the phrase out. Turkey has about 10 million Kurds, 18 per cent of the country's population but until April it was an offence to speak or sign in the Kurdish language. Sabah said the translator would be hired from the foreign

U.N. discusses changing Cyprus force funds

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Security Council members held closed-door consultations Friday on a proposal to switch financing of the debt-ridden U.N. peace keeping force in Cyprus (UN-FICYP) from a voluntary to an assessed basis, but no resolution is expected until next month. The force, now comprising some 2,100 troops and a few dozen civilian police, was established in 1964 to belp keep peace between the Greek-Cypriot and Turkish-Cypriot communities. Austria, Britain, Canada and Denmark provide the largest contingents, in addition to smaller numbers from Finland, Ireland and Sweden and about 40 police from Australia, and Sweden. The countries providing troops already bear about 70 per cent of UNFICYP's costs. The rest, including "extra and extraordinary costs" for which troop contributors seek varying levels of reimbursement, is supposed to be covered by voluntary contribu-tions from U.N. members. But UNFICYP is now some \$180 million in debt and the United Nations is 10 years in arrears in reimbursing troop-contributing countries. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar proposed in a report last month that the U.N. share of UNFICYP's costs should be an assessed charge against all members of the organisation. He also proposed a cut in reimbursements. The council is expected to act on the secretarygeneral's recommendations when UNFICYP's six-month mandate comes up for renewal in mid-December

Turkish Cypriots free Greek Cypriot

NICOSIA (R) - The Turkish-Cypriot authorities have freed a Greek Cypriot arrested trying to return to his home in the north of the divided island, Cyprus Television reported Friday. It said Marios Svongaras, 20, was handed over by the United Nations officials, who keep the peace in Cyprus. Mr. Svongaras, whose family were driven from the northern village of Ayois Yiorgios by the 1974 Turkish invasion, disappeared on Oct. 29 leaving a note saying he was "going home." He was detained in the north on charges of illegal entry. Turkish troops invaded Cyprus after a coup engineered by the military junta then ruling Greece. Turkish Cypriots later declared a breakaway republic in the north which only Turkey recognises.

Bulgaria iifts ban on Turkish language

SOFIA (R) — Bulgaria has overturned a ban on Turkish language lessons to try to end a two-month boycott by ethnic Turkish schoolchildren, Education Ministry officials said Friday. Turkish, banned from Bulgarian schools under communist rule, was introduced as an optional school subject six months ago. But the country's previous parliament, dominated by former communists, outlawed it again last month. The reintroduction of optional lessons came only four days after the opening of a new parliament—the first assembly in more than four decades not dominated by communists. Bulgaria's 1.5 million strong ethnic Turkish community has demanded that Turkish become a formal part of the school curriculum rather than an optional subject. Hundreds of thousands of ethnic Turkish schoolchildren are boycotting school for a second month to press their demand. The Movement for Rights and Freedoms (MRF), which represents the Turkish minority in parliament, said the lifting of the ban would not stop the boycott.

PERDAM TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

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CEURCHES

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrassata Church Tel: 622366 Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. 685326

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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| cent. | Food Control Centre 637111 |
| USEFUL TELEPHONE · NUMBERS | Civil Defence Department |
| NIGHT DUTY | Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777 Fire Brigade |
| AMMAN: | Highway Police 843402 |
| Dr. Jamil Marage 776046 | Traffic Police |
| Dr. Abdel Qader Al Lala 696048 | Public Security Department 630321 |
| Dr. Bahjat Bader 849362 | Hotel Complaints 605800 |
| Dr. Nidal Issa 691011 | Price Complaints 661176 |
| Fires pharmacy 661912 | Water and Sowerage |
| Ferdows pharmacy 778336 | Complaints 897467 |
| Al Ascma pharmacy 637055 | Amman Municipality |
| Nairoukh pharmacy 623672 | Amman Municipality Complaints |
| Al Salam pharmacy 636730 | Telephone Information |
| Yacoub pharmacy 644945 | (directory assistance) |
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Radio Jordan Water Author HOSPITALS

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| AMMAN: |
| Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 |
| Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 |
| Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2 |
| Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 |
| Malhas, J. Amman |
| Palestine, Shmcisani 654171/4 |
| Shmeisani Hospital 669131 |
| Simple Hospital |
| University Hospital 845845 Al-Mussber Hospital 6672210 |
| The Valence A Land 66617707 |
| The Islamic, Abdali 666177/37 |
| Al-Ahi, Abdali 664164/6 |
| leafian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3 |
| Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26 |
| Army, Marka 891611/15 |
| Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50 |
| Annal Hospital 674155 |
| ZARQA: |
| Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 |
| Zarra National Hospital (00)900560 |
| Ibs Sina Hospital (09)986732 |
| |

REID: Greek Catholic Hospital AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Overn Alia International Aliport Tel. (08)3200-5, where it should always be verified.

APPIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Kuala Lampur Singapore (RJ) Madrid (RJ)

| 16:45 | Cairo (RJ) ork, Amsterdam (RJ) |
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| 17:00 New 10 | ork, Amsterdam (RI) |
| 13330 | Rome (RJ) |
| 13:00 | . Paris, Geneva (RJ) |
| 18:15 | Helsinki (RJ) |
| 18:15 Fr | ankfurt, Vienna (RJ) |
| 19-20 L | ondon, Brussels (RJ) |
| Other Flight | (Terminal 2) |
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| 14:40 | Cairo (MS) Moscow (SU) Larmaca (CY) |
| 18:20 | Lamera (CV) |
| 19:35 | Beirut (ME) |
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| Grapes | 900 / 8 |
| Gerva | 500 / 4 |
| Lamos | 180 / 1 |
| MINITOW (MIZE) | 160 / 1 |
| Okra | 350 / 3 |
| Onion (dev) | |
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| Pepper (sweet) | 450/4 |
| Potato | |
| Sage | 600 / 5 |
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| Sweet melon | 270 / 2 |
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Reinst, Rome (AZ)

SSC working on comprehensive health plan for Jordanians

AMMAN (J.T.) — If plans being worked out by the Social Security Corporation (SSC), are approved all citizens employed in various private and public institutions in Jordan will enjoy health insurance services in the coming year.

The news was announced by SSC Director General Mohammed Al Saqqaf following a meeting of the SSC advisory committee, which has been studying the application of a national health scheme bepefiting all institutions.

The committee has approved of a general framework of a draft project prepared by the University of fordan's Studies Centre and worked out with the help of an international expert invited by the SSC, according to Mr. Saq-

The SSC has embarked on preliminary measures designed to carry out this vital project back in 1991, which is consi-

Computer

attracted

20,000

visitors

tion organisers said.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Twenty thousand people visited last

week's computer systems ex-

hibition at the Amman Inter-

national Expo Center near the

University of Jordan, exhibi-

According to Jordan Com-

puter Society President Faez

Qudsi, 28 computer companies

exhibited equipment worth JD

million during the exhibition,

which lasted four days and

ended Tuesday. Exhibition visitors, through

Systems Company (Apple) as the best exhibitors, followed:

by Jordan Computer Centre

(Saldir) and Mantiq for Com-puter Systems and Teaching

According to Mr. Qudsi, the show cost the 28 exhibitors, JD

100,000. He said that during

various computer aspects were

The society last Tuesday

held a reception party to mark the end of the exhibition. The

exhibition was opened last

Saturday by Minister of Indus-

try, Trade and Supply Ali Ahul

Information

archbishop

AMMAN (Petra) -- Informa-

tion Minister Mahmoud Al

Sharif Saturday received Syd-

ney Archbishop Donald

Robinson. The two discussed

the humanitarian role the

archbishop's office is carrying

out as part of its activities in

the Middle East Council of

Churches, especially in assist-

ing refugees in the Middle East

region. The meeting was attended by the Australian

ambassador to Jordan.

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dered as one of the numerous tasks of the SSC, he said. The advisory committee, he said, groups representatives of various health organisations, trade unions and other institutions who helped prepare the basic elements of the plan, Mr. Saqqaf added. The 12-year old SSC now

provides services to 613,000 beneficiaries whose savings with the SSC now stand at JD 416 million, most of which is invested in major incomegenerating projects and development schemes designed to carn more income. In an earlier statement to the

Jordan Times, Mr. Saggaf said that the SSC has invested in banks, hotels and resthouses, development honds, real estate, and it also gave housing loans and continues to seek sound investments in profitable projects. More than one third of the JD 416 million are currently invested in banks as



Mohammad Al Saqqai shares or deposits, Mr. Saggaf

The SSC is currently building two major hospitals in Amman and Irbid and a spa at the Dead Sea. The two hospitals will each cost about JD 15 million and the Spa JD 12 million, Mr. Saqqaf said. SSC officials said that be-

tween 1 per cent and 2 per cent will be cut from each employee's salary to cover the cost of the health scheme. The plan will be comprehensive and will include hospitalisation, medical examination and medicines. Each beneficiary will have the right to choose any hospital for treatment, be

According to Mr. Saqqaf, the advisory committee ruled that there must be a special fund for these salary cuts to finance the operations and the account must be separate from the existing funds that pay for old age pension, treatment for occupational injuries, deaths

Mr. Saggaf said that the advisory committee's meeting which approved the plan's version was attended by Health Minister Mamdouh Al Abbadi, Jordan Medical Association President Ishaq Maraqa and senior SSC officials.

Masri pledges government's support in monitoring corruption and mismanagement AMMAN (Petra) — The government is determined to fight cor-

ruption in government depart-ments and public and private organisations and is in the process of creating a special unit to carry out administrative inspection to help control civil service work, Prime Minister Taher Masri announced Saturday.

Among the numerous facing Jordan at present is collection of state funds and it is the duty of the Audit Burean to see to it that such funds are collected. prime minister said during a visit to the Audit Bureau.

Mr. Masri spoke after hearing from Audit Bureau Chief Adel Al Qudah that more than JD456 million are still due on government departments and municipal and village councils that have not been collected from the public over the past several years.

Mr. Masri, who met the Bureau Staff to learn about their various responsibilities, emphasised the importance of the bureau's activities and tasks. We said that the government was ready to provide the burean with all facilities to help it develop and modernise its methods and enlist local and foreign expertise in order to protect public funds and prevent rampant corruption and negligence of public service.

The Audit Bureau is an independent government department enjoying immunity and performing its tasks with integrity and a deep sense of responsibility, Mr. Masri said. Therefore, it requires every assistance and cooperation from all government ministries so that it can carry out its duty, he added.

Bureau teams, he said, should translate the independence and authority of their department into courageous action in controlling financial activities in various government departments.

Mr. Masri urged various gov-

ernment departments not to ignore the Audit Bureau's reports and said that the government will create a special unit to help maintain control over administrative and financial operations in gov-

Mr. Masri also referred to the tions, Mr. Qudah said.

Prime Minister Taher Masri and Andit Bureau Chief Adel Al Qudah Saturday address workers at private sector institutions and said a great deal of funds have been wasted due to mismanagement. Therefore, we said, there is a need to create some kind of control over these private institu-

Mr. Masri urged the Audit Bureau to apprade the efficiency of its staff through scholdarships, training courses and seminars.

According to Mr. Qudah, the Audit Bureau faces numerous difficulties and is seeking to condnet internal administrative changes to help it cope with its

The Audit Bureau hopes that the government would reexamine its laws and regulations with a view to introducing amendments that would help it cope with new developments and additional tasks, Mr. Qudah said.

The Audit Burean, which has been in existence for 40 years, has not had sufficient time to maintain full control over the financial operations of all government agencies and public organisa-

fight corruption in government (Petra photo). "Our aim will not be just to manipulation or negligence.' point out the violaters of the law.

the Audit Bureau. The prime minister pledged to

but rather to improve performance in government offices," Mr. Oudah said. He added that the burean,

backed by the full authority of the government, would never to lenient in its mission of collecting public funds and saving state According to the bureau's 1990

report, numerous government departments have committed violations of regulations concern-ing public spending. The bureau, he said, has issued many queries to these departments but has received favourable responses from only 33 per cent of them. He said some of these departments have not yet clarified queries about their financial activities for

the past six years. "We consider our task as complementary to those of government departments and we seek to put things right and prevent repeated violations of financial regulations," he said. "We seek to collect public funds and prevent

According to 1990 report, a total of JD447,617,250 are still due to government departments that not have been collected from the public. He said that municipalities have still to collect JD5,306,333 and the Amman Municipality will have to collect JD3,221,250.

In order to help collect the sums which are overdue to the government, Mr. Qudah said, new methods and techniques should be adopted, fines must be imposed and strict measures must be introduced so that state funds can be duly collected from the public. Mr. Qudah noted that the 1990 report shows a JD2,135,629 in savings made available through auditing various financial activi-

The Andit Bureau, which came into being in 1952, is authorised to control accounts of various government ministries and public organisations on well as municipal and village councils and to monitor their spending and collecting of dues.

Specialised teams begin studying government posts so as to overhaul Jordan's civil service system

overall plan to overhaul the Jordanian civil service system, specialised teams from the Civil Service Commission (CSC) and the Institute of Public Administration (IPA) Saturday embarked on visits to government depart-ments and ministries in preparation for measures designed to upgrade senior civil servant posts

and improve performance. The teams will be directing their attention first to the employees of the senior posts, classified as first category employees, a process which will continoe until the end of next month before they will turn their attention to the other categories, according a CSC spokesman.

Information to be collected by the teams is required to prepare job descriptions and responsibilities for each civil servant to help decision-makers draw up prog-

trolled agency which receives and processes applications for work in government offices. The IPA is an institute where government employees are given training to raise the standard of their effi-IPA Director General Abdul-

lah Ulayyan told the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the IPA and CSC are currently preparing the joh descriptions of nearly 200 posts classified in the first category. The teams' work is part of Jordan's drive to improve its civil service system to meet the requirements of social and economic development, the CSC offi-

In October 1989, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) signed an agreement

rammes and plans for future work with Jordan to provide the counand expansion, the CSC spokes- try with technical assistance worth \$750,000 in the form of experts and equipment to help it carry out training courses and to provide experts to help the Kingdom in overhaulting its civil ser-

A statement had said that the plan envisages simplifying procedures at government departments and reducing to a minimum the level of routine work required as well as preparing training programmes for civil servants.

According to that statement, the government would provide \$430,000 worth of in-kind assistance and facilities in the course of implementing the plan, which will be carried out by the CSC and the

Mr. Ulayyan told Petra that the

Birthday card designing competition organised to raise funds for village

By Maha Addasi Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - To celebrate His Majesty King Hussein's birth-day, the Marriott Hotel, in cooperation with the Ministry of Education, has set up a competition for all children under the age of 12 to design a birthday card for the occasion.

With each card submitted, a minimum amount of 300 fils will be paid as an entry fee and all proceeds will go the SOS Children's Villages Association in Jordan, which accommodates orphaned chil-The role of the Ministry of

Education was to inform all children of this event," said Lina Mouasher, sales manager at the Marriott Hotel and an organiser of the event. "We wanted to make sure that all children under 12, from private and public schools, will participate in celebrating the birthday of the big father. And so that we do not restrain the children's imagination, we did not put a limit on the card size." According to Ms. Mouasher. three prize-winning cards will be selected and all the cards entered in this competition will be put on display in the lobby of the Marriott Hotel by Nov. 13, making Nov. 12 the last day for submitting cards. In an effort to surprise the children, competition organisers are keeping the prizes secret.

"The schools are divided into directories, with each directory having a set date for the collection of cards from the headmasters of schools in the area between Nov. 10 and Nov. 12." Ms. Monasher said. But it is also possible to submit cards directly to the Mar-riott Hotel by Nov. 12."

The big celebration, however, will be on Nov. 14 when the entire parking lot of the Mar-riott Hotel will be turned into a children's fun fair and to which the children from the SOS vil-

lages will be invited. There will be three funmakers or entertainers who will set up educational games for minimal fees in which children could participate in be-tween 11 a.m. and 1:30 p.m.,

with the Armed Forces Band playing happy tunes that appeal to children. At noon the eard winners will be announced," Ms. Mouasher said.

According to Lina Kopty, director at the SOS Children's Village Association, donations are especially needed at the time when a second SOS village is being prepared to be officially opened.

"The new SOS Children's Village in Agaba started operating in Aug. 1991 and already accommodates nine children, but its official opening will take place under the patronage of Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor in the Spring of 1992," Ms. Kopty said, adding that the village in Agaba is an extension of the 'SOS Village in Amman.

"The Aqaba village is a special development project for the south of Jordan and will give services to orphaned children in the southern area. The village has a potential capacity of 72 children," Ms. Kopty

Officials report sharp increase in children with lice and scabies

AMMAN (Petra) — The number of children with lice-infested hair and scabies is increasing among school children and the level of infections has now exceeded the dangerous red line in some areas. according to a senior official at the Ministry of Education.

Although the country lacks proper surveys and statistics abont scabies and lice, any visitor to a school congested with children can easily spot children infested by scabies or lice in their hair, said Zuheir Zakaria, director of the ministry's School Affairs Department.

Mr. Zakaria attributed the widespread phenomenon to the scarcity of clean water in Jordan, neglect of personal hygiene and also the increase in the number of foreign maids.

Mr. Zakaria said that scabies is an ancient phenomenon which is linked to lack of proper hygiene and the person's immediate surroundings. One third of the Kingdom's population are students of some kind and nearly 83 per cent of them study at congested schools, especially in the wake of the Gulf crisis and the Gulf war which brought about a sharp increase in the number of students in each class. Also, the students are exposed to the spread of the fin virus in addition to lice and scabies due to their close contact at school, he added.

He said children using personal materials and clothes of others

Housing Bank Gallery.

and coming into close contacts with other members of the family or guests at home, relatives, friends at school or at home in addition to the shortage of clean water in the summer have all contributed to this dangerous

phenomenon. Of late and in the wake of the. Gulf war, schools started witnessing an increasing number of students with scabies and lice in their hair. And although the number does not exceed 4 per cent in the worst situations, urgent measures need to be taken before the phenomenon can reach dangerous proportions, Mr. Zakaria said. He said that expatriates returning to Jordan had spent some time under very traumatic conditions in Kuwait and in the Gulf, during the war and in the aftermath, a

situation which breeds diseases. The Health Ministry said lice normally invade the hair on the head, especially as the victim neglects washing with soap and water. Normally, sneh phe-nomenon is observed among children who neglect hygiene and old and neglected persons who also infect others through close contact and the use of each others clothes, a Health Ministry official

In some cases, the official said, the scalp is infected and inflammation results, requiring immediate treatment. The Health Ministry has a special unit for school health affairs and teams of

doctors regularly conduct examinations on children to ensure they enjoy good health, said the official. These teams extend their work through the various towns

and villages. He said that 16 teams are appointed to conduct dentistry inspection and 16 teams conduct medical examinations at schools in various towns and villages on a

He said that children of the first four elementary schools are subject to full medical examinations and instructions on personal hygiene are always provided to the children. Furthermore, the official said, school canteens are strictly monitored by ministry

The ministry official said that students are urged to take care of personal cleanliness and wash with water and soap frequently to prevent any infection.

French team completes inspection of tomb

AMMAN (J.T.) — A French teehnical team from the National Electricity Company has completed a two week inspection of the King's tomb at the ancient Nabatean city of Petra. ·

The team has been studying the corrosion of rocks in and around the ancient site caused by weather conditions. According to the French

embassy here, the team, which completed the study Sunday. will now carry out laboratory tests in France in a bid to determine the best means for protecting the ancient place and providing maintenance and restoration to the various archaeological sites.



THE ARAB POTASH COMPANY LIMITED L.F.B. No. 30-4857-39-516 (FLOATING TRACKED HARVESTERS)

The Arab Potash Company announces the floating of this tender for the supply of two (2) carnallite harvesters, which will collect the carnallite from the company solar pans system in Safi/Jordan.

The manufacturing companies willing to participate are invited to obtain the tender documents at a non-refundable price of (150 J.D.) from the company offices in Shmeisani-Amman before the closing date, the noon of Saturday 11/01/

Three (3) copies of each bid are required and each copy to be provided in two (2) separate envelopes, one for the technical bid and the other for the commercial bid.

> A.Y. Ensour **Managing Director**

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Government offices to close for King's birthday

AMMAN (Petra) — All government departments and public institutions will remain closed on Thursday on the occasion of His Majesty King Hussein's birthday, according to a communique issued Saturday by Prime Minister Taher Masri.

Syrian educational delegation arrives

AMMAN (Petra) — A Syrian educational delegation arrived in Amman Saturday on a five-day visit to Jordan at the invitation of the Ministry of Education. The Syrian delegation will hold talks with officials from the ministry on the way to promote and bolster cooperation between Jordan and Syria in educational fields.

38,109 more expatriates return

AMMAN (Petra) - The number of Jordanian expatriates who turned from Kuwait since the beginning of last August until Nov. 8 reached 38,109, according to sources at the Interior Ministry's Returnees Welfare Committee. The sources said that the committee had supplied the names of needy returnees to local voluntary societies which expressed readiness to offer assistance to them while others were referred to the Ministry of Social Development's Health Insurance Department to provide them with health services free of charge.

Jordan and China to expand cooperation in protection of environment

AMMAN (Petra) - The head of nisations and nations in a visiting Chinese delegation told Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Abdul Razzak Tubeishat that China was ready to increase its cooperation with Jordan in matters related to the protection of the environment and is willing to prepare an agreement for such cooperation.

The delegation, which represents the National China Environment Protection Agency, met the minister and technicians and workers employed at the ministry's Environment Department -- to discuss such coopera-

Dr. Tubeishat briefed the delegation on Jordan's endeavours to protect the environment and the strategy it has prepared to implement its various require-

Jordan, the minister said, maintains close cooperation with regional and international orga-

environment-protection fields. The minister expressed hope that China would cooperate with Jordan in this area and would

exchange expertise and informa-tion related to safeguarding the Another visiting Chinese de-legation concerned with econo-

mic and trade matters held meetings Saturday with officials at the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply and the Amman Chamber

Ministry Secretary General Marwan Awad explained to delegation members Jordan's law on encouraging investments which offers industrialists and investors a host of incentives and

Mr. Awad said that Jordan was also keen on promoting its trade relations with China and adjusting the balance of trade which is now in favour of China.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

☆ Exhibition entitled "The Arab Traditional House, Selected Items of our Heritage" by Hana Sadeq Burdon at Baladna Gallery, Gardens Street.

★ Exhibition entitled "Graphic Arts of the 60s' (from the Federal Republic of Germany) at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation gallery (open from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.).

 \dot{x} Exhibition of traditional embroidery and handmade items at the Marriott Hotel. ★ Exhibition of paintings depicting scenes from Aquba and
Jordan by Jordanian artist Kamal Shahawi Yassin at the

* Exhibition by Iraqi artist Samira Abdul Walab at the Royal Cultural Centre.

LECTURE

A Lecture, in French, entitled "Rimband on Marceaux" by Pascal Torrin at the French Cultural Centre - 6 p.m.

By Dr. Fahd Al Fanek

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Time for new thinking

MOHAMMAD Arkoun, an Algerian scholar, yesterday evening was telling a packed hall at the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation that the Arab-Muslim innovative thinking had come to a halt 10 centuries ago. He said that if a real Arab-Muslim renaissance were to be achieved they had to re-examine their modes of thinking, their history. He urged that religious scripts, whether Jewish, Christian or Muslim, be re-read under the lens of new scientific methods of research.

Dr. Arkoun, together with an increasing number of Arab and Muslim scholars, have been very critical of today's Arab thought. They contend that Arab thinking has been straightjacketed for a long time.

Those scholars arge their students and readers and audiences to venture into what Dr. Arkoun termed last night as the "unthinkable." There are areas in the buman quest for knowledge that have so far been anathema to Arab-Muslim thinking.

Judging from the huge turnout at Dr. Arkom's lecture yesterday one is inclined to believe that at long last there is a body of Arab and Muslim intellectuals who are willing to venture into areas of the unknown and the unthinkable. It is regrettable, however, that very few of those revolutionary scholars teach at Arab universities and other institutions of learning. Dr. Arkoun himself teaches Islamic studies at the Sorbone. What is more regrettable though is the fact that no Arab university seems to be encouraging its students to think differently and to delve into genuine questioning of where we stand today and where we are heading, whether in religion, sciences, the arts and politics.

What is most urgently needed is either a k diversion in our ways and modes of thinking. Because the way many of us think collectively nowadays is outmoded, outdated and at best mediocre. Furthermore, the way our institutions of learning function is often only a poor imitation of Western institutions. Unless our institutions turn into research centres and media for new thinking we will continue to move on the margin of modernity, a phenomenon that will soon leave us very much behind. We certainly lend credence to the thought that our universities here in Jordan might want to take the initiative and start the trend.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

THE initial success of the Palestinian delegation or the Arab delegations at the Madrid conference should not take their minds off the essential task of working bard and preparing for the next stage of the peace conference, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Saturday. What is needed, the paper said, is coordination among the Arab parties themselves and strenuous efforts to reach a formula that can be presented as a unified stand in the next stage. The Arabs are in dire need for unity of action and stand and for pressing hard for the implementation of U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338, therefore, everything possible should be done to reach concerted stands as soon as possible and before the negotiations can start, the paper said. ft said that the whole conference should constitute one package which entails negotiations over procedures to implement U.N. resolutions and ensure the exchange of land for peace. There must not be any room for the common Israeli enemy to achieve normalisation of relations with anyone of the parties without total consensus from all parties and it must be understood by all that nothing can be achieved from the multilateral uegotiations if bilateral talks achieve no success, the paper added. To make both talks successful, said the paper, the Arab side should insist first that all U.N. resolutions and international legitimacy be implemented in full. The paper urged the Arab parties to persist in efforts designed to ensure the restoration of the full rights of the Palestinian people.

Israel's persisting and barbaric attacks on southern Lebanon's refugee camps and Lebanese villages represent an outright attempt to sabotage the Middle East peace negotiations, said Al Dustour daily Saturday. ft said that Israel is one of those evil elements in the region trying to undermine the peace process because it does not want to give back land it has occupied since 1967 and does not want peace with the Arabs. To show their defiance of the peace conference Israeli settlers have just finished a new Jewish settlement on the occupied Syrian Golan Heights and are trying to set up settlements near Jenin and other parts of the West Bank, the paper said. It said that the Israeli military are coupling such measures with an escalation of repressive measures against the Palestinian people so as to provoke the Palestinians into abandoning their quest for peace. The paper said that the onslaught on peace coincided with the blast at the American University of Beirut which was obviously carried out by terrorists opposed to peace. ft said that the terrorists and the Israeli agents are now active in the region not only to provoke the Arabs but also to anger the Americans and to force them to abandon their positive trend towards finding a just solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict in implementation of U.N. Security Council resolutions.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

Ministry of Finance embarks on economic adjustment

THE Ministry of Finance announced last week a comprehensive package of reforms regarding customs duty on imports and consumption or excise tax on domestic production. The changes were in both directions. In general, customs duties on imports of 205 commodities were lowered, while the rates of consumption tax on local industrial production were raised thus pushing local producers to improve their competitiveness.

When the new measures were revealed to the press, they had already been put into effect, one day earlier. This is a normal precaution taken against possible exploitation of advanced knowledge by same dealers who may be able to learn about the alternations ahead of others.

This reform should not be seen as an isolated measure. Most likely, it is the first part of the new economic adjustment programme which the government has just adopted and conveyed to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) delegation in a draft letter of intent, which was approved by the Ministerial Economic

The main objective of this first step was to secure more resources to the budget. The government is almost committed to raise the salaries and wages in the public sector by some JD 45 million in 1992. At the same time, the government bas undertaken to reduce the deficit of the budget, before grants and loans, by JD 35 million.

This means that the government will be obliged to look for more revenue sources or less expenditure items in the range of JD 80 million during 1992.

The deficit in the draft budget of 1992 is expected to top JD 445 million before foreign grants, or JD 387 million after the grants. This is a huge deficit which is not acceptable. Funds must be secured one way or another to cover the gap. The means may not be other than foreign borrowing which is not available nor desirable, or internal borrowing from the Central Bank which may ignite domestic inflation and rock the present comfortable stability of the dinar exchange rate which was sustained for 24

The only remaining sources to cover the fiscal deficit is to try to capitalise and reschedule interest due to foreign creditors, amounting to JD 212 million in 1992, and to obtain fresh financing from the IMF, the World Bank, and other foreign countries which used to support the Jordanian treasury, such as Japan, America and the European countries, especially Germany,

However, the capitalisation of interest and rescheduling of

interest and principal, and the access to fresh facilities are not possible unless Jordan adopts a credible economic adjustment programme, approved by the IMF. Creditors showed their willingness to reschedule their debts, and donating countries showed their willingness to extend support to the Jordanian budget, but only if Jordan demonstrated that such steps will help in the implementation of a serious adjustment process which will eventually help Jordan achieve a higher degree of financial self-suffiency. No one is ready to forego some of our financial obligations or to extend more aid to us simply to postpone the point of crisis, or to enable us to step up our imports, increase our consumption and improve the quality of our lives.

Finally, one has to appreciate the government's attempt to safeguard the lower-income groups of the population to the extent possible. ft has reduced taxes on food items, and on supplies particularly needed by children and students, while increasing the taxes on more luxurious commodities that are more likely to be bought and consumed by better off groups. This was a step towards redistribution of income in the right social direction. It shows that the burden of the coming sacrifices will fall on middle

A new, clear voice for Palestinians

By Caryle Murphy

MADRID — The phalanx of through the mass of television cameras and reporters like a highspeed earthmover. In their midst, barely tail enough to be seen, a keep np with ber bodyguards' rapid pace. Smiling slightly, she wore the look of someone who realised that, for the moment, events were beyond her control. But not for long. As soon as

Hanan Mikhail Ahsrawi reached the podium for yet another press conference, she was back in command. A teacher by profession, a literary scholar hy choice, a politician by nature, Mrs. Ashrawi likes nothing better than an opportunity to present what is ber passion by birth — the Palestinian case, As spokeswoman for the

Palestinian delegation at the Middle East peace conference, Mrs. Ashrawi, 45, argued the Palestinian case with composure, conciseness and clarity. She left many of the ontworn cliches and taboos surrounding this conflict cut to ribbons. Take, for example, the man

who rose at a press conference last Friday to confront her. A representative of an American Christian broadcasting outlet, he said he "didn't understand" how cause "when Judea and Samaria were in the hands of the Arab World, Israel was attacked three

"First of all, f find your refer-Spanish Civil Guards mowed ence to 'Judea and Samaria' a statement of extreme bias, and rather offensive," Mrs. Ashrawi replied, homing in on his use of the Biblical names for the occublack-haired woman struggled to pied West Bank. "f am a Palestiman Christian, and f know what Christianity is. f am a descendant of the first Christians in the world, and Jesus Christ was born in my country, in my land Bethlehem is a Palestinian town. So I will not accept this one-upmanship on Christianity. Nobody has the monopoly."

She then asked, "Are there any serious questions."

From start to finish, Mrs. Ashrawi's voice did not waver a decibel, up or down, from its customary level tone. Even an Israeli spokesman, Yossi Olmert, gave her performance grudging respect: "Sbe's definitely impressive. She appears well on television.

If ber people were looking for a "new image" at the conference, Mrs. Ashrawi, more than anyone else, helped give it to them. She is a woman who got ber

master's degree in textual critic-ism of Renaissance literature and then spent three years at the University of Virginia, earning a PhD in medieval literature.

But as a former dean of Birzeit exchange land for peace," be- Mrs. Ashrawi has dodged hullets don't like slogans. I don't like the on campus and seen four of her sort of slick professional PR attistudents killed in clashes with tude, and I think that's probably waste time and energy," she said. nutes at these meetings. This was Washington Post.



Israeli soldiers. Sbe also watched in horror as television reports described the 1982 massacre of Palestinians in two Beirot refugee districts. For her, this was a turning point: "I said to myself: 'This has got to stop. Palestinians must not be an easy prey to every-

Mrs. Ashrawi says she sees languages as a key to winning that battle. It has largely been her ability to speak about the Palestinian political struggle that thrust her into the spotlight in Madrid.

"I cannot separate language

And I don't mince words, and I don't play games. f really like to answer questions, f don't like to manipulate."

She also attributed ber status to "bistorical eoincidence --where ability coincided with Her forte, she said, is being

able "to articulate analyse and to get through to others. . "ft's something I think you develop as a teacher," she said.

'You're always trying to reach people, you're always trying to get them to not just believe you, but to understand as well, to understand before they believe. To convince." Mrs. Ashrawi was born in the

West Bank town of Ramaliah. the youngest of five daughters. Her father, a prominent politcian, was a physician in the Palestinian army set up when Britain was the colonial power in ber country between the two world wars.

She lives there with her husband, Emile, a photographer, artist and filmmaker, and their two daughters, Zeina and Amal, and while she says she is not a pacifist like her husband, she believes that "military options don't solve anything."

Despite what others say, she counts impatience as "a very

"I'm very impatient with a slow

why people react positively to "And I'm impatient with ignor-what I say, because f'm genuine." "And I'm impatient with ignor-ance, willful ignorance, not peo-politics, be said, for up until then ple who genninely want to know. I'm very patient with them, because Γm a teacher. That's my job. But willful ignorance, it bothers me, and I'm very blunt, which bothers many people."

Her emergence onto the international stage in Madrid bad its roots in her student years in Beirut. At the American University in the late 1960s, Mrs. Ashrawi was a spokeswoman for the General Union of Palestinian Students. In 1969, she was the only woman in the union's delegation from Lebanon at the international conference in Amman, Jordan, where she first met

In the 1980s, Mrs. Ashrawi was occasionally in the news, spearheading protests against the Israeb Army operations on the Birzeit camous. In one incident, she arrived on the scene after a student had been shot and helped take him to the hospital. Her appearance on an ABC News "Town Meeting" was the first time her voice reached an international andience.

Yasser Arafat.

So, when Secretary of State East diplomatic shuttling eight months ago, Mrs. Ashrawi was a West Bank Palestinian leaders designated to meet with him.

tt was Mrs. Ashrawi, a Palesti-

Palestinian spokesmen "would go back to their hotel rooms and write the minutes in a way that made them look good."

When the Israelis refused to accept Mrs. Ashrawi and Faisal Husseini as part of the official Palestinian delegation to the peace conference because of their known sympathies for the PLO, the Americans agreed to let them come as part of an "advisory" team to the official delegation. In order to not to provoke the Israelis, Mrs. Ashrawi deflects questions on her official status within the PLO, which is ontlawed in Israel and its occupied

"I can't tell you that," she said, langhing. "I always tell the press that the question I don't answer for the interrogator, I don't answer for the press.

Mrs. Ahsrawi said she had been "too husy" to be nervous or worries about the threats made by extremists against those Palestinians attending the peace conference. Besides, she said, "yon have to take risks. We have taken many risks. And this peace James Baker began his Middle process is actually risk-taking.

"My father told us when we were young that you have to be logic choice to be among the daring, when you have right on your side," she said. "And you know, sort of being indecisive and not taking decisions and runnian journalist said, who intro- ning away from challenges - it's pace, or with people who want to duced the practice of taking mi- a luxury we don't have." -

Israelis, pinching themselves, see a 'Begin-isation'

By Abraham Rabinovich

JERUSALEM - In the days since the Madrid conference opened, Israelis have found themselves flirting with an outrageous notion — that a freak historical wind has swept them up and deposited them somewhere they never expected to be: on a road leading to peace.

For people accustomed to swimming on stormy seas, it is a thought almost embarrassing in its naïveté. But it was difficult to shake off the message implicit in the Madrid peace conference that the world's supersheriff was determined to force the nations of the Middle East, kicking and screaming, to make peace A sense of unreality had per-

vaded Israeli attitude toward the peace talks even before they opened. The sight of an Israeli delegation beaded by Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, sitting opposite a Palestinian delegation ded to this dreamlike quality, and the presence of Lebanes Jordanian and Syrian delegations reinforced it. What turned dream into start-

ling reality was Mr. Shamir's speech. For the first time in his public career, be seemed to leave open the possibility of territorial concessions, without which Middle East peace must remain a

"The issue is not territory but our existence," Mr. Sbamir said. "It will be regrettable if the talks focus primarily and exclusively on territory. It is the quickest way to an impasse.

Some Arabs present, notably the Syrians, chose to interpret this as a reaffirmation by Mr. Shamir of his opposition to territorial concessions. But more significant than what Mr. Shamir aid was what he did not say. He had not, in this critical forum. restated his long-standing opposi-tion to the territories-for-peace



the Arabs first to show that they truly accepted Israel's existence. "Demonstrate your readiness to accept Israel as a permanent entity in the region. Let the people hear you speak in the language of reconciliation, coexistence and ace with Israel."

Mr. Shamir's speech warmly. For the first time, too, the Israeli leader offered a vision of a Middle East economic community embracing Israel and the Arab states, something he had hitherto seemed to regard as a daydream of the political left.

The prime minister was asking when peace with Egypt became

The implication was that if there were a basic change in the Arab attitude, then Israel would be prepared 10 make territorial concessions. And the implication was clear enough for sceptical members of Israel's left to hail

"We are seeing a Begin-isation

of Shamir," said Ezer Weizman. who as a senior Likud minister had accompanied Menachem Begin to Camp David and-watched the then prime minister abandon his oft-stated determination to retain Israeli control over Sinai

Mr. Weizman said that Mr. Shamir would find it difficult to retreat from his new path, even if he wanted to. "Once you enter a process like this, it's very difficult to get out," be said.

There are indications, however, that Mr. Shamir may have crossed some political Rubicon of his own and that he might not want to get out.

"He seems to be enjoying the role of peacemaker." said a member of the Israeli delegation in Madrid. Mr. Shamir had opposed the peace agreement with Egypt,

voted against Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon, fought against the return of the tioy Taba enclave to Egypt and consistently rejected any notion of territorial concessions on the West Bank, Gaza or

In Madrid, however, the prime minister spoke of the historic nature of the peace conference and appeared exceptionally ebullient when he met with Israeli reporters.

On the eve of the last Yom Kippur, at a time when American ssure on Israel to join the peace process bad forced Mr. Shamir into this final corner, the 76-year-old prime minister attended services at Jerusalem's great synagogue. Sitting in the seat closest to the Torah ark reserved for distinguished guests, he seemed withdrawn into his thoughts. His face was grave.

An observer watching him felt that the prime minister was not weighing bis own soul as cantor and choir sang but the future of the nation. Mr. Shamir's intensive reassessment of political realities culminated last month when be decided that he and not his foreign minister would go to Madrid to set out the Israeli position.

Mr. Sbamir's metamorphosis
— if that is what it is — is conditioned on a similar metamorphosis occurring on the Arab side, which would have to demonstrate that it is willing to accept the legitimacy of a Jewish state in the midst of the Arab

It is a fantastic proposition but, as Mr. Sbamir has demonstrated, fantasies may be possible in the new world order, even in the Middle East — International Herald Tribune.

Mr. Rabinovich is a feature writer for the Jerusalem Post. He, contributed this comment to the International Herald Tribune.

Palestinian triumph

By Kirk T. Albrecht

"A land without a people, and a people without a land." That is how Palestine and the Palestinians have been described for the last 43 years, since the United Nations created the modern state of Israel

But have perceptions changed in the last two weeks. following the opening of the historie Middle East peace conference? If the world, and particularly the Western press is to be believed, then certainly the Palestinians have finally arrived on the world agenda. The myth of the Palestinians

in the West for years bas been that of the terrorist. In some minds, the two became synonyms. Nightly news flashed images of kuffiyeb-wrapped youths hurling stones at Israeli soldiers, fleeing into endless backalleys in towns in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. They remained nameless, faceless, without an identity before much of the world. As an unknown quantity, and linked with the PLO, they brought fear to those who saw them through the two dimensions of the camera.

All the wbile they themselves claimed to have been a people of inhabiting the land of Palestine for thousands of years, part of the larger Arab Nation, yet with a distinct sub-culture all their own.

In the sentiment following

the World War II, bearts were turned towards the Israelis who truly did suffer much under the cruel Nazis. But world attention, through the lens of the media, seems unable to focus on more than one item at a time. As a consequence, the Palestinians, who were at that time being pushed from their homes, having lands seized and property destroyed, were forgotten.

The opening session of the conference in Madrid was, to be sure, largely ceremonial. But the ceremony was full of

time the state of Israel came and actually recognised that these people before them were Palestinians, a people unto themselves, and not just a blot

on "ha'aretz Israel." The sessions themselves produced the strongest evidence that the Palestinians cannot be overlooked any more. Reporting on the conference in Madrid, the latest issue of Time magazine says: "The Palestinians were big winners... they presented an image of intelligence, professionalism, and sensitivity. Haidar Abdul Shafi... easily trumped Shamir." Voices around the world are unanimous: if nothing else was accomplished through these initial meetings, the Palestinians presented themselves well to a

captive world audience. Saeb Erekat, a member of the Palestinian delegation to Madrid, who is best remembered for his donning of the kuffiyeb as be sat opposite a stone-faced Yitzhak Shamir, said: "The world was waiting for us, and f think the world was ready for us." Dr. Hanan Asbrawi, who served as spokesperson for the group, even received positive remarks from the Israelis on her articu-

late and thoughtful statements. The United States bad doubts about the Palestinians going into the conference; as one major news magazine said, the U.S. "had focused both its greatest hopes and its darkest fears on the Palestinians." In the end, most of those fears had to be abandoned.

One member of the delegation told me: "We went into the conference as the guest you invite to dinner, thinking he may ruin everything. But soon the host discovers that all the rest are vomiting, and you are helping him clean it up." This round, score one for the Palestinians

Kirk Albrecht is a freelance writer irving in Amman. He contributed the above articleto the Jordan Times.

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Masri: Washington best for multilaterals

(Continued from page 1)

ecognise the Palestinian rights in he occupied lands," he said. Asked whether Amman preented a timetable for Israel's withdrawal, he said Israel occunes some 400 square kilometres of lordanian territory in the north and in Wadi Araba but negotia-less over this territory will be inted with progress in the leach-Palestman talks and talks on the fate of the settlements which are of concern to Jordan. The settlements, he added, should take priority for all sides. Asked whether he intends to

reshuffle the cabinet before the coming parliamentary session, Mr. Masri said that the government was facing the new session fully relying on a wide base of support which allows it to contime its mission and its programmes, but he said, if a reshuffle helps the government to shoulder its task he will not hesitate on making this step.

Asked whether Jordan would favour the creation of a confederation grouping Israel, Palestine and Jordan similar to the Swiss confederation, Mr. Masri said that for Jordan the priority is to ensure Israel's return of all lands to their lawful owners and the right of the Palestinian people in their homeland. Any other ideas can be discussed after achieving the first goals, he said.

Water — the rare Mideast commodity

(Continued from page 1)

may take action to precipitate a crisis to change the status quo," Prof Naff asserted. "The water war is only a scenario but unless the problem is solved there is definitely going to be a great deal of domestic dislocation and destabilisation because thirsty people will not and for the negotiations to find a solution." incentives would Israel need to change the status quo?."

So if Israel has overwhelming military capability and controk the sources feeding the Jordan River, why should it relinquish its hold in what has been described as a "zero-sum security issue?."

Israel, in the most advantageous position, "gets whatever water comes from the occupied Golan Heights and the occupation gives it an upper riparian position; it uses all the consumable water of the Jordan River basin, takes 100 mcm/year of water out of the Yarmouk River, sits on the waters of the Litani and Awali rivers and is in a position to take that water if the situation becomes critical," according to university of Michigan Professor John Kolars, "So what

The incentives is what comes with peace and the opportunities it offers, said Prof. Naff, but the U.S. will have to use its political and economic influence with the principal users of the Jordan basin to break deadlocks expected in the talks and encourage positive action, especially with Israel.

Experts say that peace agreements would guarantee

the stability of water supplies and allow the countries to organise, plan and equitably apportion the water on a basinwide basis.

"Peace gives the opportunity to develop economic cooperation that benefits everyone; this would attract a great deal of international support and investment to make this possible," said Prof. Kolars.

But analysts agree that short of solving the Palestinian-Israeli conflict, hasinwide cooperative agreements for sharing the basin's water are unlikely. They also warn that a political solution is not likely to occur in time to stave off a major water driven crisis between states or, more likely, domestically.

Syria and PLO reconciled

(Continued from page 1)

pert, said Syria wanted peace but rejected any surrender of Arab During the opening of the

buference, the sessions and even fiter the start of bilateral talks, Palestinian rights. iyria foiled many Israeli maneuvres," Mr. Allaf said.

World opinion was able to onfirm the pure Arab desire for seace. We succeeded in proving he falsehood of Israel's claims hat Arabs did not want peace

Mr. Allaf reiterated Syria's alls for a comprehensive soluion, saying any settlement should not only include the return of the occupied Golan Heights but also all other occupied Arab lands and the restoration of

Mr. Allaf said Damascus had informed the co-sponsorers of the conference, the Soviet Union and the United States, that it did not reject in principle the third stage of the peace talks - multilateral meetings on broad, secondary issues like arms control and water

"Syria wants only that these talks be held at an appropriate time, linking the start of these talks with seriousness in the bilateral talks," he said.

"If Israel is really serious about huilding confidence with the Arabs it should end its occupation of Arab lands. It should have pledged officially that it would withdraw from all occupied Arab territories and recognise the Palestinian people's rights.

"The Arab negotiator now goes to the talks armed with the confidence of his people and the confidence of the international community because be is going to demand what is required by the international community,"

Turkey to allow hijackers to leave

(Continued from page 1)

n Grozny, which lies 300 ilometres across the Caucasus nountains from Turkey's north-

est border. Turkey's commercial Star-1 elevision channel quoted offiials as saying that passengers were in good health.

Witnesses at Ankara's Escaboza civilian airport said the aircraft stood parked under floodlights in remote corner of the airport

near VIP lounge.

They said the doors of the plane were closed and no movetraffic.

Turkey's security chief Unal Erkan, Ambassador Riza Turcmen from the Foreign Ministry and Ankara Governor Sahinoglu communicated with the hijackers from the control tower. Anatolian said the hijackers

refused to talk to Soviet embassy

Russian Vice-President Alexander Rutskoi said in Moscow that the plane was hijacked by four armed rebels on its way from the southern spa town of Mineral-

and Chechen troops was reported ment could be seen inside. The nye Vody to Yekaterinharg Urals.

He said the hijackers had four grenades and four pistols. Russian President Boris Yeltsin scut troops on Saturday to pacify the Checheno-Ingushetia republic where a rebel leader, General Diokhar Dudayev, has declared martial law.

The rebel region's army minister, Yusup Soslambekov, told reporters that 800 to 1,000 Russian interior ministry troops had landed at Grozny but were sur-rounded by Chechen forces.

American politicians apologise for shortcomings

By Michael Posner Reuter

WASHINGTON — In a sudden outbreak of humility in the U.S. Senate, some prominent politicians have confessed their shortcomings to their voters and prom-

ised to mend their ways. Senator Edward Kennedy, a Democrat, conceded in a speech in his home state of Massachusetts last month that he had personal faults. He did not specify them but highly publicised reports have mentioned woma-

nising and drinking.
Assistant Republican Senate leader Alan Simpson admitted being too "cocky" and told bis Wyoming voters he would handle his personality differently. Howard Metzenbaum, another Democrat, apologised in an Ohio

newspaper for barsh criticism of a Senate witness with an unproven charge the man had sexually harassed a woman.

How unusual were these

"They're worried," said Washington political scientist

Stephen Hess. Being a senator means you never had to say you're sorry." He said the senators must have been reading opinion polls nr talking to aides who told them they could be in trouble with the

electorate. Senate historian Don Richie agreed it is rare for a senator to apologise for personal traits. But that's what each did.

Appearing at Harvard University's John F. Kennedy School of Government named after his late brother, Mr. Kennedy said: "I recognise my own shortcomings, the faults in the conduct of my private life. I realise that I alone am responsible for them. and I am the one who must confront them."

In 1969 he appealed for support from Massachusetts voters after the Chappaquidick tragedy when a young political worker.

Mary Jo Kopechne, drowned in a pond, trapped in a car Mr. Kennedy had been driving after they

attended a party.

Mr. Kennedy's admission of personal failings came a week before the start of the trial of his nephew, William Kennedy Smith, charged with raping a woman at the family's oceanfront mansion in Palm Beach, Florida.

Polls show that Mr. Kennedy's usual unshakeable popularity as the Liberal standardbearer in Congress, bas plunged in Massachusetts since Mr. Smith was charged with rape after a night on the town with his uncle and Kennedy's son Patick last March 30.

star witness at the trail. Due to widespread reports of his personal life, many citizens raised eyebrows at the appropriateness of his sitting on the Senate panel which questioned people's morals at Clarence Tho-

The senator is expected to be a

"It was political expediency," Jack Gargan, who heads a grassroots group committed to demas's Supreme Court nomination bearings last month, even though feating congressional incum-

All three senators are members of the Indiciary Committee, which attracted millions of televi-

sion viewers watching law Profes-

sor Anita Hill accusing Mr. Tho-mas of sexually harassing her in

Opinion polls showed those

spectacular sessions dropped the

already low esteem in which the

people regard Congress, even

though they routinely reelect in-

dividual senators and members of

The much-criticised televised

Senate hearings came shortly af-

ter recent revelations that dozens

of Honse members bonnced

checks at a private house bank,

failed to pay restaurant bills and

got parking violations fixed with

the House of Representatives.

Mr. Kennedy is respected as a hard-working senator. bents, said of the senators' apolo-gies. "They know the heat is on."

An NBC television poli showed more people lost respect for both Senate Republicans and Democrats as a result of the hearings. A Gallup poil showed people had more unfavourable than favour-able views of Mr. Kennedy and

Mr. Metzenbaum. Mr. Simpson fared better. Seventeen per cent of those polled felt unfavourable towards him

41 per cent were favourable. Nevertheless, Mr. Simpson apologised for his attacks on Mr.

"I have been riding high, a bit too cocky, arrogant, yeah, too smart by half sometimes," he

Mr. Metzenbaum also regretted harshly attacking John Doggett, a Thomas defender at the hearings, by making an unsworn allegation that Mr. Doggett had sexually harassed a female work-

Miyazawa striking contrast to predecessor

TOKYO (AP) — Floent in English and a master of insider politics, Kiichi Miyazawa is a striking contrast to Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu, the man he has been chosen to replace.

Mr. Miyazawa, elected president of the governing Liberal Democratic Party on Sunday and scheduled for approval by parliament as prime minister next week, is known for his wide government experience and intel-

Mr. Kaifu, by comparison, was bittle known when party leaders chose him as a temporary figurehead leader after the Recruit influence-buying scandal in 1989 that cost Mr. Miyazawa his post as finance minister.
The 72-year-old Miyazawa has

Palestinian team

(Continued from page 1) .

we do not reject or oppose decisions made by the PNC." Nayef Hawatmeh of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine, Saturday criticised the makeup of the Palestinian peace delegation.

"The Palestinian delegation is consistent with the American formula- and Israeli terms, and it neglects a true representation of all the Palestinian people," Mr. Hawatmeh said.

Dr. Ashrawi, faced with this question at the press conference, said: "I will not go into the formulation of the delegation but we welcome any group that would like to join occause the more wider the political base the stronger we are and every phase has its own need. That need should correspond with the Palestinian will."

served in most key cabinet posts and enjoys a reputation as an expert policy-maker with a good grasp of economics. He has garnered laurels from a career spent in international conferences and

diplomatic missions. His resume resembles that of the man who will be one of his most important counterparts — U.S. President George Bush, a former ambassador to the United Nations, envoy to Peking, CIA director and vice president.

Also in contrast to Mr. Kaifu, Mr. Miyazawa has indicated that be intends to be a formidable negotiating partner for U.S. leaders in trade talks.

At a news conference earlier this month, Mr. Miyazawa warned against protectionist sentiment in the U.S. Congress and said Japan bad done almost all it could to reduce its gaping trade surplus with the United

But he also called for strengthening the U.S.-Japan partnership. An opportunity to do just that will come late next month when Mr. Bush visits "We should try to contemplate

bow we can jointly make a con-tribution in the international community," Mr. Miyazawa said. "My hope is that both leaders

could declare something that could be named the Tokyo dec-In nearly 50 years of statesmanship. Mr. Miyazawa has de-

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veloped close personal links with the West. They include longstanding acquaintances with Mr. Bush, Secretary of State James Baker and former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger. His daughter, Keiko, is married to an American diplomat.

Bienvenidos



Klicki Miyazawa

Minoru Hirano, a pobtical columnist for the newspaper Yomiuri, wrote that even former Prime Minister Noborn Takeshita is remoured to hold Miyazawa in the same sort of awe.

Indeed, some analysts think Mr. Miyazawa's aloofness from the wheeling and dealing of party politics is what kept him out of the prime minister's chair for so

long,
"I am the son of a congressman and the grandson of another. I know the backstage, the kitchen, of politics. I was determined not to enter it - but was drawn into it reluctantly," he said in a 1977 magazine interview.

He was drawn in too deeply during the recruit scandal, when he was one of a group senior government leaders forced to resign.

Unlike the greener Kaifu, many of whose policy initiatives failed, Mr. Miyazawa also benefits from numerous contacts in

Welcome

Bienvenues

During the American occupa-tion, when U.S. forces wielded the bureancracy, a requisite for any would-be mover and shaker in Japanese politics. As finance minister in the late 1980s, Mr. Miyazawa favoured Hayato Ikeda, then finance minisheavy public spending, tax cuts Shigeru Yoshiba. and lower interest rates.

He also has called for Japan to make greater efforts to help debtor nations, saying the nation should be more "philanthropicminded. An avid supporter of the na-

tion's three "non-nuclear principles" - neither possessing, manufacturing nor introducing nuclear arms — Mr. Miyazawa has said Japan should take more initiative in promoting global nuclear arms reduction. Mr. Miyazawa was born in

Fukuyama near Hiroshima on Oct. 8, 1919, and graduated from Tokyo University, the nation's of five. premier school. As a member of a wealthy family and one of the privileged few to pass the diplomatic service examination, he entered the Finance Ministry in 1942 and served there through World War II."

tremendous influence in Jananese affairs, Mr. Miyazawa worked for ter under the government of.

He acted as secretary and interpreter in Washington talks between Ikeda and John Foster Dulles, the secretary of state under Preaident Dwight Eisenhower, in talks that led to the U.S.-Japan Security Treaty and formation of Japan's selfdefence forces.

Mr. Miyazawa later followed his mentor, Mr. Ikeda, into politics. And like Mr. Ikeda, who formed his own party faction and became prime minister in 1960, Mr. Miyazawa eventually came to head a faction, the second largest

Mr. Miyazawa'a first cabinet post was director general of the Economic Planning Agency in 1962, He later served as minister of international trade and industry and foreign minister in the

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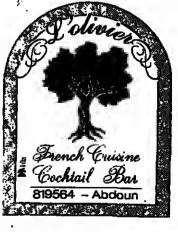
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Doctors think Johnson has 5-14 years

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Magic Johnson faced cameras and told the world he was infected by the AIDS virus. Now he confronts

The Los Angeles Lakers superstar "could live 12 or 14 years, God willing. If he were very unlucky, then... five or six years," said Dr. Michael Gotttieb, the doctor who in 1981 wrote the first report on the disease now called AIDS.

"It's a tough road aheard for anybody with this virus," Dr. Gottlieb said Friday. "It's a holding action for Magic Johnson, and the world will be watching."

Johnson announced Thursday that he has become infected by the AIDS virus but hasn't yet developed any symptoms of the disease or started taking medications for it.

Infection with the AIDS virus is widely viewed as a death sentence, although some doctors contend it is becoming a manageable, chronic disease in which symptoms and ultimate death can be delayed for years as better drugs

forseeable future," said Writer Larry Kramer, the AIDSinfected founder of Act-Up, the militant AIDS coalition to un-

"Magic Johnson is going to die and the 40 million people (worldwide) who are predicted to be infected by the year 2000 are going to die. This is a lethal, virulent, exceedingly messy dis-case," Kramer said Friday by

phone from New York. Dr. Gottlieh, who has treated scores of AIDS patients - including the late actor Rock Hudson — agreed AIDS isn't yet manageable, but expressed optimism that "if we can step up the pace of drug research, there may be something that will save Magic and other people with the

ALBERTVILLE, France (AP)

- World champion Kristi Yama-

guchi of the United States took

the lead in the singles events

Friday at the Lalique Trophy

Figure Skating Competition, a

warmup to the winter Olympics.

gure skaters are competing at the

future Olympic arena in the Lali-

sweep of the women's event for

original portion that started the

women's competition. She hit all

the elements to a superb flowing

version of the waltz "Blue

Midori Ito of Japan, the 1989

world champion, was second. Ito

slightly missed a very difficult jump combination, which put her

a notch below the American after

the portion that counts for 1/3 of

Kerrigan, was third. Kerrigan finished their behind Yamaguchi

and American champion Tonya

Harding at the World Cham-

pionships in Munich last March. Harding is not entered in Albert-

.In the men's event, Soviet

Viacheslav Zagorodniuk took the

lead over three-time world men's

champion Kurt Browning of

WITH OMAR SHARIF

North-South vulnerable. East

EAST

A Q J 10 8 7 5

~ 3 2 ∴ A K Q J 10 8

47543

West North

4 4 Pass Pass Pass

NORTH 10973

∴ K9 ∴ 6532 ♣J109

SOUTH

A K

Opening lead: King of • Preemptive hidding is a two-edged sword. It ofteo goads the op-

ponents into overbidding, but it also paints a picture of the defenders' holdings which allows an astute de-

clarer to take advantage of the dis-

tributioo. This hand, from a rubber-

hridge game, illustrates both

South's bid of five hearts is unfor-

givable. Having already shown a good hand with a long heart suit, he

should simply have doubled and col-

lected at least 500 points, and re-

mained a 3-to-1 favorite to win the rubber. North could always raise if

his hand was better suited for of-

fense. It seemed that, at five hearts.

South

4 T

K Q 8 6 5 4 2 4 J 7 6 4 7 3 1 Void A 1 4 Q 8 6 2 4 7 8

Browing showed the results of

GOREN BRIDGE

PLAYING WITH GLASS CARDS

Another American, Nancy

Yamaguchi, who led a 1-2-3

que trophy competition.

Danube.

Canada.

WEST

East

Pass Pass

the total mark.

Several of the world's top fi-

World champion Yamaguchi

leads figure skating field

People infected with the AIDS virus remain free of any symptoms for an average of seven years, and take an average of 10 or 11 years to develop fullfledged AIDS, Dr. Gottlieb said.

Jordan to help Johnson

Michael Jordan said Friday be will join his friend Magic Johnson in helping to educate people about AIDS.

"He said yesterday that he's going to he a spokesman for the HIV virus and try to tell kids that it can happen to anyone," Jordan said at an afternoon news conference. "And as a friend of his and a player in the NBA, I think Γ in obligated as much as be is to do

Softspoken and subdued, Jordan talked about the the revelation that his friend and NBA rival had tested positive for the human immunodeficiency virus, which causes AIDS. He said Johnson called him on his car phone to tell him the news.

become available. "Tim almost driving off the "That's malarkey. It's not a road because I couldn't handle it manageable disease now or in the as well as he could," the Chicago Bulls superstar said. "I told him that I loved him

and my family's with him and whatever we can do, we're willing to do that. Johnson told Jordan the best

thing be could do would be to help spread the message that AIDS can strike anyone, not just gay men or drug abusers.

'I think this is something that we all should step forward and try to utilise our position as role models to try to solve the problem or make the awareness of the problem even greater," Jordan said. "I think this is an alarm

clock for a lot of people." It was certainly a wake-up call for Jordan, who has been a friend of Magic's for years. The two played hard against each other in

a back problem as he faltered on

two jump elements in the original

programme, but still took the

lead in the men's event over a

field depleted by several late

Third place went to fellow

Some of top men dropped out

Viktor Petrenko of Soviet Un-

with injuries before the competi-

ion, twice second to Browning, is

out with a foot problem. Amer-

ican champion Todd Eldredge,

who won a bronze medal at the

World Championships last

March, also withdraw a foot in-

World Champion Natalia Mis-hkutienok and Artur Dmitriev of

the Soviet Union came from be-

They trailed fellow Soviets Ele-

na Bechke and Denis Petrov after

the first portion of the event.

Bechke and Petrov fell to third

behind Czechoslovakia's Radka

Kovrikova and Rene Novotny.

cause of the absence of the world

champions, Isabelle and Paul

Duchesnay. Isabelle reinjured ber

ankel in August and only recently returned to training.
The innovative French.

Canadian sister and brother hope

to be ready by the European

Championships in Lausanne,

declarer must lose three diamond tricks, but excellent card-reading,

superb technique and a lucky, if nor-

mal, opening lead allowed South to

The opening lead of the king of spades was won in the closed hand, and the opposing distribution was

pretty much an open book. East's preempt and West's failure to lead a diamond made it a certainty that West was void in diamonds, so

South unearthed a line that would land the contract if trumps split

evenly and West held the queen of

and ace and king of hearts, and was delighted when both defenders fol-lowed. Next came the ten of spades,

on which declarer discarded the king of clube! West saw that winning the queen

of spades would not help the defenders' cause. A spade return would give

declarer two tricks in that suit, and queen of clubs and another would

give declarer two discards on the jack of clubs and nine of spades

(declarer simply discards a diamond on the queen of clubs). So the de-fender allowed the ten of spades to

hold, but declarer was ready with e

counter. Dummy's jack of clubs came next as declarer discarded a

diamond from hand, and the best

West could do was win and lead the queen of spades. South discarded another diamond and the next

forced black-suit lead delivered the

Declarer cashed the ace of chubs

Switzerland on Jan. 20-26.

The dance event is weak be-

hind to win the Paris event.

American Paul Wylie.

withdrawals.

last season's NBA championships, and were scheduled to he teammates on the 1992 U.S. Olympic haskethall team. Michael and Magic also kept in touch during the off season, helping each other with their charitable efforts.

"One thing that really bothered me about watching Magic retire yesterday was that he retired under these circumstances," Jordan said. "He didn't get the going away party that he deserved. That was said."

America's sportsmen turned their attention to the somber subject of AIDS Friday as they considered the plight of one of their most famous brethren and wondered: What now?

"If any good can come of it, you have a guy now who's going to be around and is willing to speak to kids and to young peo-," John Paxon of the Chicago Bulls said. "There won't be anybody better to educate the

While the sports wold continued to express its shock and sadness over Magic Johnson's retirement from pro basketball, many also were moved to join him in the cause.

"My wife, Bridgette, and I are joining Magic and his battle against the HIV virus and educating the American people and the vonth about practicing safe sex," Rex Chapman of the Charlotte Hornets said. "Bridgette and I are donating \$50,000 to any HIV virus research fund set up or designated by Magic."

At the same time, other athletes called for uniform AIDS

testing, fearing that the exchange of blood on the field of battle had driven the danger level of some sports too high

"We're tested for drugs. I don't see why we shouldn't he tested for AIDS," Phoenix Cardinals nose tackle Jim Wahler said. "There's so much bloodshed on the football field. It's for your own safety. I don't think it's an invasion of anybody's privacy .'

Wahler's teammate, running back Ron Wolfley, said: "I'd rather know. I think people should be tested. Let's face it, it's blood sport. The stuff flies around out there. If a guy tests positive, the rest of the league has right to know."

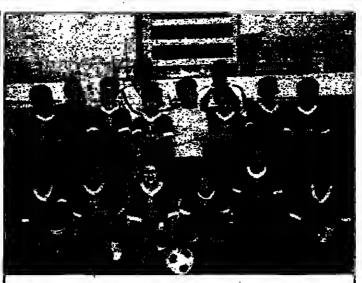
NFL commissioner Paul Tagliabue, in a prepared stateme reiterated what he had said last week when it was disclosed that the Philadelphia Eagles were testing for AIDS.

"A persuasive case for mandatory league-wide AIDS testing has not date been presented to me or Dr. Lawrence Brown, the NFL's medical advisor and wellrespected expert on AIDS and HIV virus issues," be said.

Even in basketball, a so-called noncontact sport, the call for testing was clear.

"I think it should be done for everyone," Boston Celtics President Red Auerbach said. "If you have nothing to hide, what's the invasion of privacy.

The end of a superstar's career spurred other superstars into contemplation of their own careers, their mortality even.



Tramec team from the Mids division won the Cup Final Friday. The team had earlier won this season's league title.

AMMAN LITTLE LEAGUE

Juniors soccer semi cup final, Nov. 7, 1991

| AL Hikma | (1) | Vs. | Union Bank | (0) |
|----------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----|
| Soccer Cup Fir | nals 1991/ | 1992 Nov. | . 8, 1991 | |
| TOTS: | | | | |
| Vita | (0) | Vs. | Marriott | (0) |
| 'Vita won pena | lty shoot- | out 2-1 | | |
| JUNIORS: | | | | |
| Al Hikma | (1) | Vs. | UPS | (0) |
| MUDS: | | | • | |
| Tramec | (1) | Vs. | Istiklai | (1) |
| Tramec won p | enalty sho | ot-out 4- | 0 | |
| SENIORS: | | | | |
| Chilli House | (3) | Vs. | Lois | (2) |

Score after regular time: 2-2

SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

Karpov reaches Paris quarterfinais

PARIS (R) - Former world champion Anatoly Karpov of the Soviet Union sweated through two games to beat Britain's Jonathan Speelman at the Speed Chess Masters Tournament in Paris. "Both games were very complex, very difficult," said the world number two player after one victory and a draw secured his progress to the quarter final. The tournament, the richest in the circuit, has drawn 16 of the world's top players to compete for the 400,000-franc (\$70,000) top prize. The knock-out formula gives the players 50 minutes for each game. The audience held its breath as the 40-year-old Soviet grandmaster took his time during the first 15 moves of each game, and then blitzed to the finish. Earlier Friday, Indian prodigy Viswanathan Anand, 21, played at lightning speed to easily defeat 60-year-old Soviet emigre Viktor Korchnoi. On Sunday in the quarterfinal Karpov will face Dutchman Jan Timman who earlier beat Gata Kamsky of the United States. Anand is due to play against Valery Salov, who crushed fellow Soviet Artur Yusupov.

Pireili pulis out of Formula One

MILAN (R) - Tyre maker Pirelli has pulled out of Formula One motor racing, leaving the field clear to rivals Goodyear, the Italian company said. Pirelle's decision affects the Benetton, Tyrrell and Brabham racing teams.

Edberg withdraws from championship

FRANKFURT (R) - World number one Stefan Edberg, suffering from a knee injury, has withdrawn from next week's Association of Tennis Professionals, (ATP) World Championship, tournament officials said Saturday. Edberg, 25, a winner of six tournaments this year and a finalist in last year's ATP season-ending event, is pulling out due to a serious case of tendinitis in one knee. "Edberg has been treating the knee over the last three weeks, but due to the swelling he was advised to take a minimum of two weeks off," a tournament statement said.
"It's a great event and I looked forward to ending the season in Frankfurt, but I feel it's important to deal with the injury now so I can be ready to go in 1992," the Swede said. With Edberg's withdrawal, American Jim Courier, winner of the French Open, becomes the top seed in the eight-man round robin tournament which begins Tuesday. Karel Novacek of Czechoslovakia, the tournament alternate, takes Edberg's place in the group featuring Courier, Ivan Lendi and Guy Forget. Australian Open champion Boris Becker, Wimbledon champion Michael Stich, Pete Sampras and Andre Agassi play in the other group.

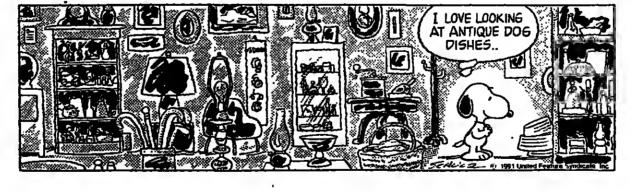
Japan leads in Judo championships

OSAKA, Japan (AP) - Japan captured titles in four men's and women's weight classes Saturday while South Korea took three titles and China one in the opening day of the Asian Judo Championships. In the men's divisions, Kim Kun-Soo scored a Yusei Decision over Japan's Hideyuki Sekine, the 1990 Asian Games open-class champion, in the over-95 kilogramme category as South Korea took its first gold medal. Sekine received a silver medal. Guo Ybin of China and O. Baljinnyam of Mongolia each received a bronze medal. The under-95 kilogramme category title went to Japan's Michiaki Kamochi after he scored a Yusei victory over Majid Zare-Eian of Iran, who took the silver medal. Lee Chung-Suk of South Korea and B. Batbayar of Mongolia received bronze medals. Japan's Yoshio Nakamura downed Alireza Dehghani of Iran with a Uchimata leg trick for an Ippon or clear-cut victory at 1:08 of the five-minute match to clinch the under-86 kilo title. Dehghani received the silver medal, while South Korea's Kim Kyu and T. Tsrenputsag of Mongalia took the bronze. Jun Man-Bae beat Japan's Yoshiyuki Takanami by a Yusei victory in the finals of the under-78 kilogram category, giving South Korea its second gold in the men's division.

Olympic silver medalist Ryffel retires

BERNE (R) - Markus Ryffel, Olympic 5,000 metres silver medalist in 1984, said at the weekend he was retiring because of recurring injuries. Ryffel, 36, Switzerland's most successful middle and long-distance runner, finished second behind Morocco's Said Aouita in the 1984 Los Angeles Olympics 5,000 and set 10 national records in a career spanning nearly 16 years.

Peanuts



Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY NOVEMBER 10, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: An excellent day for you to think out some new manner in which to place your emotional interests on a more satisfactory basis and to think in terms of getting your life in tune

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) This is your day to think and ponder how you can best add to your present assets and to build up a new prosperity for yourself with-

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Whatever you would like to do that does mean extending your person-al interests far beyond their pre-sent bounds is very good so think GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You

have a secret wish that requires you keep confidential excepting you can discuss it with an expert who is able to help you make dream come true. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Whatever you can do to please friends who have been devoted and loyal is very good now so take the time to show your affec-LEO: (July 22 to August 21) This is

your moment to show you are the one who does appreciate the support given you by an official that has enhanced your image before

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) This is that moment for you to show you value the good will of all

sik) - carsaan new allies in your life who are able to help you to expand your present

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alln:

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Pay off whatever faces you even though it may seem to be e hardship at the moment since by so doing you clean your deak and get

prepared for bigger things. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You are able to come to a new agreement with your associates if you will first listen to what they have to say for their views are

SACITTARILIS: (November 22 to December 21) Your day to work hard and to get everything about you in perfect working order and you are also able to get some more vitality for your future needs. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) So many amusing in-terests can now be yours that you would be wise to be openminded to them and to make some highly effective means by which to have AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Think out who and why you need to have better conditions

beneath your own roof and get a more pleasant and agreeble set of

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Get off to see and to come to some better awareness of what your close ties have in mind so that you can gain their good will and





WHAT A PERSON WHO PUTS ALL HIS FAITH IN A FORTUNE-

TELLER PROBABLY 15. MUSCLY Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

"0000"0000

Jumbles: DRAMA EXTOL HYBRID ASSURE Yesterday's Answer: What do crooks arrange under big trees?--

THE Daily Crossword by Joan D. Berbrich

WHAREK



11 String instrument 12 Counting word 14 Osculation 18 Phoceyl 19 Roadside

Lawis
27 Sacro--28 Hoopster
29 "— now praise
famous men"

prelates 59 Mine wagon 60 Four make a s

\$1 God of love

DOWN

5 Leasen 6 Graduate s

garment — Souls' Day

9 Pause indicatore 43 "Cermen"

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38 isr. king

"Norma

44 Just 45 Macho actor James 47 Small weights

stot 54 Different 55 Age 57 Pen point

Nabil A

Dior enters Paris Bourse next month

enthusiastic public response, with

the offer heavily oversubscribed,

that many Paris fashion houses

dreamt of cashing in on their world-famous labels.

share prices and created a climate

of financial uncertainty, prompting Dior executives to delay their

long-cherished flotation plans un-.

Christian Dior S.A. will be

New York

Close

Date 8/11/1991

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3 MTHS 6 MTHS 12 MTHS

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New York

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in co-operation with

Cairo Amman Bank

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Central Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin

But the Gulf crisis depressed

PARIS (R) — Christian Dior will flotation in July 1989 met such an in December become the second French fashion house to be quoted on the Paris Bourse, following in rival Yves Saint Laurent's wake.

A spokesman for Dior's parent company, Societe Financiere Agache, has said shares would probably be introduced onto the market through a public sale in early December.

Yves Saint Laurent's share

U.S. Dollar in International Markets

Financial

Markets

Сигтенсу

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French France

Japanese Yen

Corrency

U.S. Dollar

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yen

Interbank hid rates for

Precious Metals

Metal

Gold

Спгтевсу

U.S. Dollar

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yen

Dutch Guilder

Swedish Krona

Italian Lira

Belgian Franc

Other Carrencies

Bahraini Dinar

Lebanese Lira

Saudi Riyal

Kuwaiti Dinar

Qatari Riyal

Omani Riyal

UAE Dirham

Cypriot Pound

Index

All-Share

nking Sector

nsurance Sector

Industry Sector

Services Sector

Detrember 31, 1996 = 100

Greek Drachma*

CAB Indices for Amman Financial Market

Egyptian Pound

European Currency Unit

USD/Oz

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Enropean Curreny Unit

* USD Per STG
** European Opening @ 8:00 a.m. GMT

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floated on the Paris cash market. where shares in smaller companies are traded.

The Agache spokesman said Dior would increase its capital by 1.06 billion francs (\$185 million) ahead of the flotation by selling 2.86 million new shares at 370 francs (\$64) each to companies already holding stakes in Christ-

banks to lend Romania \$1 billion

BUCHAREST (AP) — Japanese banks will lend hard-currency strapped Romania \$1 billion for modernising its dilapidated transport system, Transport Minister Trainan Basescu has said. The loan would be one of the largest credit packages ever received by Romania. It also appeared to reflect developing economic relations between Romania and Western countries, which have shunned it because of suspicion that the post-communist authorities were not fully committed to democracy and free markets. The state news agency Rompres reported that foreign investment in Romania has reached a total value of \$120 million, with 4,767 companies funded partly or totally from 91 foreign countries. Mr. Basescu told a news conference the

Japanese

Japanese loan takes effect Dec. 1.

Mexican president proposes sweeping agricultural reforms

MEXICO CITY (R) - President cy and criticised for low produc-Carlos Salinas has moved to reform Mexico's antiquated system of land tenure by propsing an end to a ban on private-sector ownership of half the national terri-

bill Mr. Salinas presented to the congress that propses ending all free land distribution to peasants. The legislation would lift a

loogstanding ban on privatesector ownership of ejidos small plots of farm land carved out of large estates expropriated after the 1910-1917 revolution and handed out to millions of landless peasants.

would allow corporations to buy land or win control of it through joint ventures.

liberty. Unlike other farmers, the ejidos' nominal owners are prohibited by current legislation from mortgaging their property as col-lateral for bank loans. They have long been dependent on an inefficient and chaotic state bureaucra-

Vatican forecasts '92 deficit to remain at \$86 m

VATICAN CITY (R) - The Vatican has said its projected budget deficit for 1992 would remain stable at about \$86 mil-A statement released after a

meeting of a committee of cardinals who oversee Vatican finances said the Holy See expected in-come of about \$92 million and expenses of \$178 million, leaving a deficit of \$86 million.

It was the same amount as the 1990 deficit, which was a record, and that of a revised projected 1991 deficit. Earlier this year the 1991 de-

ficit had been projected at a new record of \$91.5 million. The Holy See's budget covers the Catholic church's central administration, including its diplomatie missions around the

world, its aewspaper and Vatican Radio. Income comes mostly from inestmeats, real estate holdings in Italy and contributions from the

The statement said that as in the past, most of the deficit would be covered by "Peter's pence," a special collection dating back 12 centuries which is taken up once a vear in Roman Catholic churches around the world for the Pope's personal use.

Before the Holy See began running hage deficits in the mid-"Peter's pence" was traditionally destined for overseas missions and other charitable



Mr. Salinas's reforms are sure

But the preamble to the bill

presented to congress notes that

Mexico's population growth has

outstripped increases in agricultu-

ral production for the past 25

years and that the countryside is

"Rural income, on average, is

almost three times lower than in

the rest of the economy and a

majority of the residents of rural

Mexico live in poverty," says the

bill, adding that the average Mex-

ican farmer has less than five

Mr. Salinas's reforms would

end the longstanding practice of

agrarian reform under which

Mexican presidents have distri-

buted millions of acres of land to

poor peasant families since the

revolutioa, which was fought

under the battle-cry of "land and

hectares (12 acres) of land.

urgently in need of reform.

ties and peasant organisations

Carlos Salines

over agriculture.

to draw criticism from leftist parwary of increasing private control

The reform is contained in a

The country's 28,000 ejidos. cover 100 milion hectares (250 million acres) of land or roughly half the national territory, a government official said.

The proposed reforms, virtually guaranteed passage by the ruling party-controlled congress,

Mr. Salinas's reforms would maintain the existing ban on the accumulation of large tracts of land by private farmers — a ban often violated by "small landholders" using several different family names to build up estates.

Abu Dhabi may lose \$5b in BCCI scam

LONDON (R) — Abu Dhabi stands to lose a huge sum of perhaps \$5 billion in the BCCI hank scaadal, the Figancial Times (F.T.) said Saturday.

The emirate's ruler, Sheikh Zaid Ibn Sultan Al Nayahan, and Abu Dhahi iastitations are majority shareholders in the Bank of Credit and Commerce International (BCCI), closed on July 5 in a world swoop by banking regulators who suspected a colossal fraud.

The Financial Times published the first of seven articles under the headline "the biggest bank fraud in history" after what it said was its own three-month investigation.

It said figures assembled for the first time showed Abu Dha-

TIRANA (R) - Albania's coali-

tion government, facing growing industrial unrest, has lifted more

than 90 per cent of price controls

to encourage free competition

between eaterprises, fiaance

They said increases in prices

for goods such as oil, gas, ce-

ment, cables and other important

industrial materials would still be

government controlled, and

would be set in accordance with

But state enterprises aow

would be able to set prices for

their products freely and in agree-

down or change their activity if

unable to resist the competition

imposed by the new prices," fi-

nance ministry spokesman Ilia Samsuri told Renters.

took place against a background

of strikes by Albanian miners and

oil workers who want better

working conditions and whose

and transport.

The liberalisation of prices market," he said.

industrial action is threatening production due to shortages of

to paralyse the country's industry · raw materials are being retained

"Many enterprises may close

world market standards.

ment with each other.

ministry officials have said.

bi's total exposure was \$9.4 billion, more than \$6 billion having been pumped in to try to prevent the bank's collapse in its last 15 months of trading.

"Abu Dhabi may recoup some

of this as the bank is liquidated, but over half, the F.T. believes, is gone for good," the Financial

It said Abu Dhabi's ruler put in some \$2.2 billion after a dramatic encounter with the bank's presideat, Pakistaa-based Agha Hasan Abedi, who, recovering from a heart transplant, flew to plead for help in early 1990.

The Financial Times said the Abu Dhabi ruler was reported to have said: "You look after your health. I'll look after your bank." The newspaper said it was not

Albania launches broad

price reform programme

trade union leader, said.

"The situation is critical,"

"The strikes risk to provoke a

Reshat Ibrahimi, an opposition

national crisis if they expand to

The lifting of price controls

marks the first step in a reform programme adopted by Albania's

multi-party parliament last Octo-

ber to introduce a free market

"The price reform may seem

anstere to the population but

people are prepared for it, they

have been expecting it," Mr.

"It will improve the situation of

the state budget by removing the

subsidy burden and will curb spe-

culations by private dealers who

sell state factory products at ex-

cessively high prices on the black

The least 25 per cent of enter-

prises in Albania receive state

subsidies, and thousands of work-

ers in factories which have halted

at 80 per cent of their salary.

Samsuri said.

larger districts," he added.

until several months later that he learned he had been asked to bail out what is now estimated to be history's biggest bank fraud.

The newspaper said it had put together the pieces of the BCCI jigsaw in a story ranging "from the brothels of Lahore to the remote Scottish islands."

It said regulators from several nations had codenamed BCCI "Sandstorm." They met in London last July 2 to consider, in what was "a sickening moment," new evidence suggesting that suspected fraud at BCCI was on an incalculable scale.

They then had to decide whether to risk a political storm by closing it. Asking Abu Dhabi to cover the vast losses was no longer an option. A rapid swoop was decided upon.

Most factories use old technol-

ogy and cooperation with foreign

companies is seen as crucial to

The price measures were not

"Prices of bread, sugar, butter,

rice and other essential foods will

not be affected," Mr. Samsuri

said. "Tariffs for electric energy

and transport for the population

will also remain unchanged for

The coalition, which last month

warned the country was on the

brink of economic chaos, recently

discussed the industrial unrest

and described the strikers' de-

district of Puke, 150 kilometres

Iron and chromium miners

have been on strike in eastern

Albania since last week and oil

workers in the southern region of

Fier, the nation's main onshore

oil source, also walked out.

mands as unfounded.

north of Tirana.

expected to have much effect on

survive competition.

family budgets.

the time being."

Egyptian tourism picks up

CAIRO (R) - Tourists are visiting the Pyramids and cruising down the Nile once more and Egypt's tourism minister said he expects record aumbers in the coming year.

Tourism revenues fell by over \$2 billion during the Gulf crisis, according to official estimates. Luxury hotels stood descried and Nile cruisers lay idle.

"We expect a 10 per cent increase from the old peak in the number of tourists to about three milion during the next financial year," said Tourism Minister Fouad Sultan in an interview. This would be a new all-time

high."
The previous peak was reached in the fiscal year to June 1990, when tourism earnings reached \$2.4 billion.

Samir Darwish, deputy chairman of Egypt's Tourist Board, said Arab-Israeli peace talks should entice more visitors to the region. "This is a very sensitive industry," he said. "Once you have peace, more people will be

encouraged." Europeans are flocking in on package tours but tourism from the United States, which has dropped steadily since the mid-1980s, is still slack.

Hoteliers say Americans are still worried about terrorism.

Tourism is vulnerable to Western perceptions of the Middle East as a war-torn den of terrorists. But Mr. Sultan said he expected Egypt to benefit from its support of the U.S.-led coalition against Iraq in the Gulf war. Egypt sent some 40,000 troops

Strikes triggered by copper to the force that drove Iraq from miners protesting against working and living conditions have para-"Egypt's image improved sub-stantially during the crisis. We lysed economic activity in the were a key ally and this should

helo," he said. Cairo streets are once moré filled with puzzled Westerners trying to decipher street names: Cooveys of air-conditioned coaches can be seen parked by the Pyramids every day,, while boatmen again play their sails up

Hoteliers said room occupancy was running at over 85 per cent. We have seen a dramatic return," said Andrew Houghton, marketing manager of the Marriot Hotel in Cairo. "There seems to have been a frustrated demand to visit the area."

and down the Nile.

U.S. debt bazaar winds down but only for 3 months

WASHINGTON (R) — A three-day auction of U.S. government in the current tax year — all of it securities that ended Thursday is covered by borrowing.

cord deficit of around \$350 billion an average yield of 7.53 per cent to 7.53 a sort of debt bazaar, an official borrowing hinge to finance spending deficits reaching new

records every year. Unlike a cap-in-hand consum-,cr, the Treasury Department can raise \$38 billion fairly handily by pledging repayment backed by "the full faith and credit" of the U.S. government.

Though that government now has accumulated debts of \$3,707,595,000,000, it also has the wherewithal to make its word good — by squeezing the tax-payer in whose name it runs up the debt.

The treasury goes to the well every three months in a three-day event called the "quarterly re-funding" to replenish its supply of borrowed money.

It has no choice except to do so, since the government spent a record \$268.7 billion more than it took in during the 1991 financial year that ended Sept. 30. It is headed for a new estimated re-

But the auctions this time, beginning Tuesday with a sale of \$14 billion of three-year notes and including \$12 billion each of 10-year notes in Wednesday and 30-year bonds on Thursday, were

Changes in the rules for bidding, intended to open the market up to more dealers because of the admission earlier this year by Salomon Bros Inc. that it cheated in previous auctions to try to corner the market, were partly blamed.

With more people in the mar-ket, dealers bid cautiously for the notes on the first two days. The Tuesday and Wednesday auctions pushed up costs for the treasury and the Amerian taxpayer by tens of millions of dollars in higher interest over the life of the securities because the notes had to offer a higher return to attract

For example, the treasury said its sale of 10-year notes produced

per cent, which meant the government was forced to pay more

than expected to raise the money. However, on Thursday there was strong demand for the gov-erament's 30-year bonds, which signalled lower interest rates.

Yield is a measure of the combined interest offered on the security, or the coupon rate, and its purchase price. It is expressed as an annual percentage that au investor can expect to earn on his

Samuel Kahan, chief economist with Fuji Securities Inc. in Chicago, said rule changes that include written verification of big winning bids and potential participation of hundreds more broker-dealer bidders have made the auction process much more volatile.

Traders are cautious because they must cover their "order books," or prior orders, very quickly in a situation where there is less information available about who is bidding how much in bids that must arrive at the treasury in downtown Washington or at a Federal Reserve Bank at fixed times.

accessories.

UAE imports rise sharply

DUBAI (R) — The United Arah Emirates' (UAE's) non-oil exter-nal trade increased 16 per cent in 1990 to 57.71 billion dirham from 49.73 billion dirham in 1989, the Emirates news agency (WAM) has said.

It quoted a statement from the Dubai Chamber of Commerce and Industry as saying imports last year amounted to about 42.5 billion dirham compared with 37.0 billion dirham in 1989.

One dollar equals 3.671; It said exports rose to 3.6

billion dirham from 3.46 billion in 1989 and reexports increased to 11.6 billion dirham from 9.3 billion dirham.

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U.S. to apply sanctions against Yugoslavia; Dubrovnik shelled

THE HAGUE (R) — President George Bush said Saturday the United States will apply sanctions against Yugoslavia and will cosponsor a United Nations resolution calling for an oil embargo

against the country.
"We will apply sanctions on Yugoslavia comparable to those of the EC," Mr. Bush told a news

"The EC can also depend on the United States to co-sponsor a new U.N. Security Council resolution on Yugoslavia looking toward a possible oil embargo and cooperate fully in efforts to strengthen an embargo on arms exports to Yngoslavia," he

Mr. Bush spoke after holding talks with European Community

The EC imposed broad economic sanctions on Yugoslavia Friday after the warring factions refused to abide by a 12th ceasefire agreed in the Hague Tues-

The EC sanctions suspend trade concessions, ban imports of Yugoslav textiles and drop Belgrade from a 24-nation recovery programme for Eastern Europe.
The EC also urged the U.N. Security Council to impose an oil embargo to cut off fuel to the warring Serbian and Croatian

The Security Council's five permanent members — the United States, the Soviet Union, China, Britain and France — are due to discuss the question of an oil embargo late Monday, diplomats said.

The Security Council imposed an arms embargo on Yugoslavia

efforts to broker a peace accord in the disintegrating Balkan fed-eration but an EC-sponsored ce conference in the Hague has failed to make any headway.

Heavy fighting continued Saturday as Yugoslav navy gun-boats shelled Croatia's Adriatic port of Dubrovnik and fierce battles were reported in the east of the breakaway republic.

At least 2.500 Croats and an unknown number of Serbs and federal troops have been killed in fighting since Croatia declared its independence from Yugoslavia in

Zagreh Radio said the attack on Dubrovnik, a mediaeval city under siege since the start of October, began after dawn.
"Dubrovnik is reverberating with explosions," it said.

A Reuter correspondent in the walled town reported that four warships were bombarding Croatian positions around the old city and that normal telephone and telex communications with the outside world had been cut.

The scale of the fighting in Croatia was unaffected by the decision of the European Community to impose economic sanctions on Yugoslavia.

Croatian authorities maintained a blackout on news from the eastern Croatian city of Vnkovar where hand-to-hand fighting with federal troops was reported by the Tanjug News

Agency.

1t said 22 Croatian defenders were captured Friday during fierce clashes a few bundred metres from the centre of the town which has been under attack by the army for almost three

Vukovar, on Croatia's border with Serbia, has become a symbol of Croatian resistance to Serbianled federal forces. Some 14,000 Croats are trapped there. The commander of the Croa-

tian forces in the town warned this week that its fall was immipent as a result of dwindling supplies of ammunition and food. The tenacity of its defenders has become an increasing challenge to federal forces which have

been unable to take it despite vastly superior firepower, including aircraft which Croatia does Tanjug also reported heavy fighting involving artillery and mortar fire in the Nova Gradiska area of central Croatia Saturday.

by Croat forces Friday when his plane was shot down over Pag island Friday, it added.

Croatian Prime Minister Franjo Greguric said on television: "It still not clear that Europe is making any deep distinction be-tween aggressor and victim." He chided the EC countries for

divisions between them on how to deal with the crisis and added: With these sanctions, Europe has thrown the burden of responsibility on to the United Nations. "It will be the United Nations which will have to make the final

In Belgrade, Petar Kundric secretary-general of the ruling Socialist Party of Serbia, described the measures as a "great injustice" to Serbia and their

decision about economic sanc-

"Arrogant Europe put into ac-tion its threat of poverty and hunger for those in Yugoslavia who are faced with a defensive war for political, economic, cultural and even biological survival."

Yugoslav economists believe the country's economy has been so badly damaged by the conflict that the effect of sanctions will barely be felt.

"No boycott could ever do what we have already done to ourselves," said Ljubomir Madzar, a professor of economics at A Yugoslav Air Force pilot was Belgrade University.

Bush says racism, nationalism threaten democracy in E. Europe

Europe."
"We see in Yugoslavia how the

proud name of nationalism can

linter a country into bloody

deut George Bush warned Saturday that racism disguised as nationalism threatened the spread of democracy in Eastern Europe and urged Europe and the United States to avoid becoming warring trade blocs.

Bush, in remarks prepared for delivery before European Community leaders, also urged support for reforms in the Soviet Union and cautioned that Europe and America, must try to help because "desperate times breed de-

"Some fear democracy's new freedoms will be used not to build new trust, but to settle old scores," Mr. Bush said, pointing to the fighting in Yugoslavia as an example.

"All of Europe has awakened to the dangers of an old enemy: A nationalism animated by hatred and unmoved by nobler ends,

He said no one needed to fear

healthy national pride hnt added: "We must guard against nationalism of a more sinister sort: One that pits nation against nation and citizen against citizen.

"There can be no place for these old animosities in the New

MOSCOW (R) — Russian President Boris Yeltsin sent troops to

pacify a rebel southern Russian

autonomous republic Saturday,

but dissident tribesmen said they

had surrounded the force at a

General Djokhar Dudayev,

leader of the hreakaway region

on Checheno-Ingushetia, refused

to recognise a state of emergency

ordered by Mr. Yeltsin Friday. In

its place he imposed martial law

and called for a general mobilisa-

fly back. They had not re-

an additional 800 crack Russian

Interior Ministry troops, known

as Spetsnaz, had also been sur-

rounded at their headquarters in

Grozny by the region's National

Soviet news agency (TASS) said thousands of demonstrators

took to the streets of Grozny and

turned it into an "armed fortress"

ready to defend the independ-

The small autonomous repub-

lic, north of Georgia between the

Caspian and the Black Sea, has

been part of Russia since its

incorporation into the Tsarist

empire in 1859. Its people are

Its defiance of Mr. Yeltsin set

the stage for all-out confronta-

tion, posing a test of the Russian

leader's authority over ethnie

minorities which are flirting with

Gen. Dudayev, elected presi-

deut of Checheno-Ingushetia last month in polls which Russia re-

fused to recognise, called on the

population to defend its freedom.

Parliament granted him special

She has ordered massive re-

habilitation work, declaring

ravaged the port of Ormoc and

nearby towns exceeded the com-

bined death tolls from three ma-

jor disasters that struck the coun-

try in the past 17 months.

More than 800 villagers died in

last June's eruption of Mount

Pinatubo volcano, 500 were killed

in a typhoon in November last year and 1,650 perished in a 7.5

magnitude earthquake that de-vastated the northern Philippines

Ms. Laboy, quoting radio re-

ports from rescue workers in

Ormoc, said "many more bodies"

had been seen floating in Ormoc

Bay and navy boats, fishermen

and volunteers continued to re-

She said most of the bodies

recovered Saturday were be-

lieved to have been washed up to

the Ormoc shore from other is-

lands swamped by floods that

Up to 90 per cent of the 2,000

vinces Tuesday.

inspect the damage from the struck Leyte and nearby pro-

The casualties from floods that

Leyte a disaster area.

the idea of independence.

mostly Sunni Muslims.

ence of Checheno-Ingushetia.

Sharip Yusupov, Dudayev's

sponded, he said.

Guard.

military airfield.

Yeltsin's troops land

in Caucasus republic

civil war," Mr. Bush said, adding that he supported European Community efforts to end the Yugoslav conflict.

Bush said it was time to write the final chapter of the cold war and urged EC leaders to "help the nations of the East secure the freedoms they have won.'

"It is time now to say to these

new democracies we will help you," he said, but did not offer any specific types of support. He told the group the United States welcomed the growth of the EC into a major economic force, and said Washington wanted to work as a partner rather than become a competitor.

"We must guard against the danger that old cold war allies will become new economic adversaries — old warriors turned trade warriors," he said.

of the Atlantic that this could happen," he said. "Shrill voices on both sides peddle protectionism as the path to prosperity.

There are signs on both sides

That way lies economic ruin a prescription for plunging us rivalry that ravaged our econo mies during the great depress-

Declaring that great progress has been made tearing down international trade barriers, Bush warned that "that progress will nean little if the world aligns itself into warring trade blocs."

In discussing the Soviet Union, where President Mikhail Gorbachev has called for massive help from the West, Mr. Bush said "the people everywhere in that vast land want change."

He said that "no shortcut can spare them suffering; and hardship as they dig out from under 70 years of misrule." "A harsh winter, hard times,

lie ahead, and desperate times breed demagogues," he said, adding that America.. and Europe share a common interest in helping reforms succeed. "Together, we must act to sup-

port the forces of liberty, democracy and free enterprise in that troubled region," he said. Mr. Bush met the EC leaders

after attending a NATO summit in Rome which approved a new post cold-war strategy embracing the Soviet Union and East EuroCOLUMN

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Homeless who sued over body odour

wins cash settlement

NEW YORK (R) — A homeless man was awarded \$150,000 Friday to settle his claims that police and a public library discriminated against him because they said he stank. Officials in the New York suburh of Morristown, New Jersey had already spent up to \$250,000 in legal fees fighting the case. The homeless man, Richard Kreimer, 42, agreed to drop his lawsuit against municipal officials in exchange for the \$150,000. Kreimer said after a court hearing that he would donate some of the money to other homeless people. But he said: "I'm not going to be a bank for every homeless person on the street.'

AIDS monkey infection may speed research

SEATTLE (R) — AIDS researchers have said they had for the first time been able to infect Macaque monkeys, ideal experimental subjects, with the virus that causes most cases of AIDS, the Type-1 Human Immunodeficiency Virus, or HIV-1. If confirmed, the discovery could provide scientists with the best animal model yet for AIDS research. Since the outbreak of the AIDS epidemic more than 10 years ago, scientists have been looking for an animal that could be infected with HIV-1 that could also be easily studied in the laboratory. Chimpanzaees will contract HTV-1, but they are too expensive and rare to be used in large numbers. Macaque monkeys, on the other hand, are much easier to breed and keep in laboratories. The research, conducted by University of Washington scientists, was presented to a national AIDS conference in Scattle this week. "This is new. Before there wasn't even transient inspection there was no evidence of HIV-1 being able to infect these monkeys," said AIDS expert Flossic Wong-Staal of the University of California, San Diego. a symposium chairwoman. Previously, most researchers have been forced to use two other viruses, related to HIV-1, that will infect Macaques. Unfortunately, these two viruses are quite different from HIV-1, she told Reuters. "If it really pans out monkeys, and furthermore that it can induce disease, it will be the model to go after," she said.

Gauguin painting soid for \$9.3 m

PARIS (AP) — Paul Gauguin's painting of a Tahitian house was sold at auction to an American collector for almost \$9.3 million an auctioneer said, the highest price fetched in France for a work by Gauguin. Jacques Tajan, head the auction house, did not disclose the name of the .penon who purchased The House for \$9.29 million. French museum officials described the 99-year-old painting as high quality, but said they would not invoke a law requiring some masterpieces to remain in French territory. The price for the painting was about nine times higher than the pre-vious record for a Gauguin painting in France. The record for a Gauguin painting was \$22 million in 1989 in New York for Mara Mua. The House was put up for auction by the family of Louis Joxe, a former cabinet minister of Charles de Gaule: and the father of Defence Minister Pierre Joxe.

Lukyanov turns jaii poet

MOSCOW (R) — Former Soviet More supplies were being sent from the U.S. Subic Bay Naval Parliament Speaker Anatoly Lnkyanov, arrested for his alleged role in last Angust's coup, is writing poetry in his Moscow cell, a right-wing newspaper reported Thursday. The newspaper Base, and by ship from Cebu. "We're sending everything from medicine to soap and candles," said Dick Gordon, mayor of the town of Olongapo, next to Subic. Ormoc officials said there was Den (The Day) printed six poems by Mr. Lakyanov, a fellow-student and close friend of Presinot enough manpower to distrident Mikhail Gorbachev. He was known as a pert-time poet under "We have no food. We can't buy food, because we have no money," said 50-year-old Hon-orata Gatwal as she waited outthe pen-name Osenev. His poems, passed to the newspaper by his family, suggest he believes he will eventually be vindicated. One of his verses reads as folside the Ormoc mayor's office for four hours to get relief supplies after losing her home in the flash

lows: (Reuter translation)
"All night long the rain beat

newspapers, the fog and lies To tutth and sympathy.

To rebuild the living link

U.S. policy faces test as Baker begins Asia trip

Secretary of State James Baker, preoccupied for most of 1991 with revolutionary changes in Europe and Middle East peace moves, began to turn his attention Saturday to Asia, where U.S. policy is being tested.

Baker was due to begin an eight-day trip to Japan, Korea and China — a visit of heightened significance since President George Bush announced he was postponing a separate trip to the

Mr. Baker leaves after joining Mr. Bush at trade talks in the Hague with European Community (EC) officials following the NATO summit in Rome.

China, Japan and South Korea are eager for visits by Mr. Baker, but rapid change in other areas, U.S. policy considerations and preferences precluded

The Jordan Valley Arabian Stud

The Jordan Valley Arabian Stud

announces the opening for registration

for those who have attended the offi-

cial opening and those who are in-

To fill the proper forms for membership

cards and to have more details about the

club and its activities, please contact the

main office in Amman, Mecca Street,

Jaber Centre, Tel: 829883, Fax: 829882

terested in joining the club.

Critics say the Bush adminis-

region for domestic political .tration has neglected the economically vital region.

Mr. Bush made a brief swing through all three countries in early 1989 and had planned a more substantive visit to Japan, Singapore, South Korea and Australia later this month until a barrage of criticism that he was ignoring domestic affairs.

He has vowed to reschedule the Japan leg before the 1992 presidential election but for now, Mr. Baker will be the senior U.S.

21 die in

official to meet new Japanese Prime Minister Kichi Miyazawa. Although the United States has er's itinerary, and South Korea, of the trip is certain to be China.

will be the highest-ranking U.S.

major issues to discuss with Japan, the first stop on Mr. Bakhis second stop, the centrepiece Baker, on November 15-17.

official to go to Peking since the Chinese army killed hundreds of pro-democracy demonstrators in Tiananmen Square in June 1989.

The region's army minister, Yusup Soslambekov, told reporters that 800 to 1,000 Russian Leaders Interior Ministry troops had landed at a military airfield in the capital Grozny but were surrounded there by Chechen Mr. Soslambekov said he had four hours of talks with the troops' commander, demanding that they lay down their arms and

turmoil arrived Saturday. "UNAMIC is on the ground," declared Ataul Karim, a Bangladeshi, who will head civilian operations of the 268-person Un-

"We are here to see that the ceasefire, which is now official, is maintained," Mr. Karim told re-

He arrived early Saturday morning with Indonesian Colonel Ferry Tinggogoy, who is interim leader of the soldiers of the multinational force.

ary officers from 22 nations, a 40-member Australian Communications Group, 20 mine-clearing experts from New Zea-land and helicopters with 111

Mr. Karim said the advanced team would also lay the groundwork for building up the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia (UNTAC) which will

of U.N. advance Cambodia

MANILA (R) — Rescuers Saturday hauled up bloated bodies by

fishing nets off a central Philip-

pine island where more than 7,000 people may have died in devastating floods, relief officials

Navy boats and fishermen re-

trieved hundreds of corpses from

the sea off Ormoc City in the past

24 hours, bringing the death toll to 5,365 with 2,046 other people missing and presumed dead, offi-cials in the Leyte provincial capit-

They are hanling up bodies by

There is a possibility the

death toll will go up to close to 8,000... the missing are most likely dead by now. We have no more

hope for them," Ms. Laboy said

President Corazon Aquino is to fly to Ormoc, 560 kilometres south east of Manila, Sunday to

worst natural calamity to hit her disaster-prone country in 15

fishing nets," said Aurora Laboy, administrative officer for the

Leyte Disaster Coordinating

al, Tacloban, said.



A parliamentary official, Isaac Kodzoyev, told reporters in Grozny: "There is no need for the military to interfere in our internal affairs. We prefer the language of negotiations."
He added: "Our motto is to

avoid bloodshed, but if there is bloodshed, anything could hap-Mr. Kodzoyev said Mr. Yelt-

sin's actions showed he was willing to champion the rights of

"We saw Yeltsin as an icon, but it seems he wants only freedom for the Russians. Today the myth of Russian democracy

A Russian Interior Ministry spokesman said he could neither confirm nor deny that troops sent hy Mr. Yeltsin were surrounded in Grozny. The Soviet Interior Ministry said it would issue a

statement Sunday. TASS said groups and individuals, many of them carrying weapons, were massing in Grozny in response to Gen. Dudayev's call to arms.

Radio Russia reported: "Barricades are being built in Grozny, self-defence detachments are being formed and weapons are being distributed. The People's Militia took an oath of allegiance to the Koran."

Main roads were blocked and rail traffic halted, according to TASS. Gen. Dudayev called on the temporary administrator named by Mr. Yeltsin to run the republic to resign by noon Satur-

people living in Isla Verde village

in Ormoc were feared to have

drowned in the floods which

reached four metres in some

houses and cars into the sea.

Some of the bodies were swept

away by currents to as far as

Panay Island, about 100

About 3.500 bodies recovered

have been buried in mass graves and 500 more are to be buried

Saturday, a spokesman for

Ormoc Congressman Carmelo

Fearing epidemics, rescue

teams hastily dumped bodies of

men, women and ehildren

together in common graves, hard-

ly bothering to separate them.

In some places, corpses were buried without being identified. Pictures were taken of most of

them in case relatives looking for

C-130 military transport planes and belicopters arrifted food,

clothing and medicines to Ormoc

in a round-the-clock operation.

The situation is very, very

them torned up.

The floods harled people,

places, officials said.

kilometres from Ormoc.

U.S. may raise republics' role in handling Soviet aid

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States, watching the accelerated break-up of the Soviet Union, may be forced to work more directly with the republics to distribute food aid this winter, U.S. trade sources said Friday. The Soviet central government

has disintegrated so rapidly in recent weeks that the Bush administration must reassess its commitment to conduct most food assistance through a central goverament committee, trade sources and analysts said. The sources also said they ex-

pected the United States to offer a more modest aid package than the \$2.5 billion in agriculture credits and \$1 billion in humanitarian aid the Soviet Union requested.

A representative from a private voluntary organisation that might help distribute aid said adminis tration officials told him "humamitarian aid would be a lot less than the Soviets asked for and

would be targeted (to neediest people.)" Agriculture Department officials have said food donations would be administered at local or regional levels, but any additional credits would be handled by an

inter-republie committee formed to try to hold the union together. But analysts said the central government does not appear to have authority to handle the credits or guarantee loan repayment. They say the republics will have to have a greater voice in how the credits should be used.

Richard Crowder is slated to travel to the Soviet Union next week to try to resolve questions on food aid distribution 'between the centre and the republics," an

Agriculture Undersecretary

critical," said 'Governor Emilio

Osmena of the nearby island of

Cebu, who is helping coordinate

Japan, Australia, Britain, the United States and France said

they were sending help for the victims in cash and kind.

U.S. Ambassador Frank Wis-ner, who visited the area, said

the United States would fly in

ready-to-eat meals, blankets and

materials for building temporary

relief work.

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lippine flood death toll reaches 7,000

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To wash clean a simple word Trampled in the mud-

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ARAB BANK Announces the opening of a new office in Al-Rainbow St. Banking services started on Saturday 9 November 1991 Al-Rainbow St. P.O.Box 2711 / Jabal Amman Tel: 613715, 613716 Fax: 613717 ARAB BANK GENERAL MANAGEMENT. FO BOX 950544-5 | TELEPHONE 660115, 690131

s. African force in

killed overnight in fresh fighting at a violence-plagued South Afrisaid Saturday.

Angolo American said in a statement 44 more workers were injured in the fighting which broke out just before midnight at President Steyn Gold Mine near Welkom in the Orange Free

Last Sunday 15 blacks were killed at the mine in fighting linked to a two-day general strike called by unions trying to force the government to give them a say in policy-making.

violence JOHANNESBURG (R) -Twenty-one black miners were

of a U.N. force that will try to keep the peace in Cambodia after two decades of war and political

ited Nations Advanced Mission in Cambodia.

UNAMIC will include 50 milit-

mechanics and crew.